NATIONAL WEEKLY

Social Justice

Founded 1936 by Father Coughlin

Royal Oak, Michigan | April 24, 1939 | Subscription: Three Dollars Per Year | 10c

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT WANTS WAR FOR U. S.!

SECRETARY OF WAR WOODRING
"PRESIDENTIAL PUPPET"

AMERICAN EXECUTIVE MOST POWERFUL FOR PEACE OR CONFLICT

DURING THE PAST WEEK it has become tragically evident that Mr. Roosevelt wants war.

Despite Great Britain's and France's conciliatory attitude for the last eighteen months towards the dictator nations, our President and his Cabinet have been busied stirring up a campaign of hate in America with their inflammatory pronouncements and speeches.

There is no use in deluding ourselves that America, through its Executive Department of Government, is pursuing a foreign policy of peace.

There is no use in deluding ourselves that America is the savior of democracy. As a matter of fact, there is little or no democracy left in either hemisphere: the myth of democracy in Great Britain and France long since has been exploded; Russian "democracy" is an unvarnished lie; only three democracies exist in South America; and slowly but surely, the last vestige of democracy is being wiped out of America. Upon the declaration or entrance into war—or the Executive pronouncement that we are in a state of emergency—there will be no more democracy in Washington than there is in Moscow.

Why does Mr. Roosevelt pursue a policy that breeds war?

Why did he tell the people in Georgia that he would be back next fall if there is no war?

Why did he inform the nation in his Chicago speech that it is our business to quarantine Germany?

Why did he broadcast in Canada that the United States would not stand idly by if Canada were invaded by foreign powers?

Why did he address Congress last January with these words: "There are many methods short of war, but stronger and more effective than mere words, in bringing home to aggressor governments the aggregate sentiments of our own people"?

Why did Senator Pittman, the chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, issue a statement which said: "(1) The people of the United States do not like the government of Japan; (2) the people of the United States do not like the government of Germany; (3) the people of the United States, in my opinion, are against any form of dictatorial government, communistic or fascistic; (4) the people of the United States have the right and power to enforce morality and justice in accordance with peace treaties with us"?

Why did Mr. Roosevelt institute a boycott against Germany?

Why did Mr. and Mrs. Roosevelt both openly display their favoritism for the Communists in Red Spain?

Answer these questions and then ask yourselves in America:

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SHRINE DINNER CHATS *By* Father Coughlin ★ **LESSONS FROM CZECHO-SLOVAKIA** *By* Dr. J. S. Barnes ★ **COMMUNISM IN CHINA** *By* Leon Hamilton

Shrine Dinner Chats

By **Father Coughlin**

IT IS TIME THAT the American League for Peace and Democracy be unveiled. Its title is a misnomer; the word "peace" hides war, and under the word "democracy" is hidden dictatorship.

This organization has deemed the time opportune to assail me on radio stations throughout the nation. For example, each Monday night over Station CKLW of Windsor, Ontario, the League for Peace and Democracy broadcasts to the people of Michigan. As to be expected, it uses sanctimonious stooges to speak its words but its bills are paid to the broadcasting company through the agency of a Jewess, Miriam Goldsmith.

I shall not dignify its spokesmen with any publicity lest I be accused of bigotry. Nevertheless, their records have been inspected; copies of telegrams passing between their New York agents to Mr. Davidow of Detroit and others have been made available; and their activities have been carefully noted over a period of the past five months.

If necessary and opportune, publicity will be given to these records.

Nor am I interested in attempting even to contradict the clumsy falsehoods and misstatements which these amateurish, unskilled spokesmen spread concerning me. Preferably, I shall print here and elsewhere the full record of the American League for Peace and Democracy, as presented to us by the United States Government in an official document printed by the Seventy-Fifth Congress in 1938.

* * *

Red League Enrolls 4-Million

First of all, the American League for Peace and Democracy is communistic. Originally called the "United States Congress Against War and Fascism," the League for Peace and Democracy, according to Government documents, is a section of the World Committee Against War and Fascism.

To quote page 155 of this official document entitled, *Investigation of Un-American Propaganda Activities in the United States*, we read:

"The membership of the league in the United States, direct and affiliated, totals 4,025,920. The leaders of this organization will argue that it is not a Communist originated, organized, and action movement, yet in its document, *A Program Against War and Fascism*, published by its national committee in New York City, July, 1936, page 21, we find the following statement:

" 'The American League Against War and Fascism was founded at the first United States congress against war, held in New York City in September, 1933. The steering committee which organized this congress was composed of Communists and non-Communists . . . Communists have continued in positions of prominence in the league . . . It is natural enough that they should be proud of their part in founding the league and should claim a large share of credit for its success . . . ' "

* * *

To confirm the statement that the League for Peace and Democracy is a communistic organization, the Government document further says:

"The call for the United States Congress was issued by Marxians of the Communist and extreme left-wing Socialist type. Donald Henderson, who had been connected with the communistic Friends of the Soviet Union, the (Communist) National Student League, and who is now national president of the C.I.O. United Canning, Agricultural, Packing and Allied Workers of America, was secretary of the congress. His wife was the Communist Party candidate for Congress from a New York district in 1934. Members of the arrangements committee included Herbert Benjamin, widely known Communist, now national secretary of the Workers' Alliance; James W. Ford, Negro candidate for vice-president of the United States on the Communist Party ticket and organizer of the Communist Party in Harlem, N. Y.; William Z. Foster, national chairman of the Communist Party in the United States and a member of the executive committee of the Third (Communist) International; Harold Hickerson, leader of the Communist Party, and Alfred Wagenknecht, member of the central executive committee of the Workers' (Communist) Party.

* * *

Move Founded by French Communist

"The late Henri Barbusse, French Communist, was the founder of this international movement. He came to the United States with the permission of Secretary of Labor Perkins to assist in launching the American section. Upon the death of Barbusse, the exiled French red, Romain Rolland, became the international head.

"The first U. S. Congress Against War and Fascism was held in St. Nicholas Arena and the Mecca Temple in New York City, September 29 to 30, 1933. Three such congresses have been held since then. The symbol of the league, instead of being the Communist hammer and sickle with the world as a background, is the world pierced by a sword. The American branch is one of 33 nationals, organized in 33 countries, which compose the international organization."

* * *

Is the American League for Peace and Democracy against Communism as well as Fascism?

Let the American League for Peace and Democracy give the answer to that question, which is found in *A Program Against War and Fascism*, page 22, which the league itself issued. It says:

"So far as the economic and political organization of society is concerned, Fascism and Communism are opposites. Fascism is for war; the Fascist state is the war-breeding and war-making state. Communism is for the abolition of war. We can't in any sense be against both. Communists—in Germany and other countries—have shown themselves to be hard, courageous and sincere fighters against war and Fascism. The same is true here in the United States . . ."

The next time you hear a sanctimonious stooge speaking in the name of the League for Peace and Democracy, you will be armed with the above facts. Ordinarily, these spokesmen represent the red element in so-called Christian pulpits. Unfortunately, of late these spokesmen have been identified with the Unitarian religion—a religion which does not believe in the divinity of the Second Person of the Blessed Trinity Made Flesh in the sense that this dogma is accepted by orthodox Christians.

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Vol. 3A April 24, 1939 No. 17

Get In That Contest

PAL'S ADVICE

HELLO FOLKS:

How are you these fine spring days? I hope you all feel as fine and dandy as I do. Gee! A fella just can't help but feel frisky with all the sunshine 'n flowers and soft breezes all cooperatin' to get the kinks out of his bones.

I s'pose you're wondering how everything is going here at the office. Well, there really isn't anything terribly exciting to report—just the usual routine for the most part. 'Course, I s'pose that's exciting enough—but us ole veterans—we take that stuff in our stride.

* * *

THE BOSS' DAD brought Peter, my little brother, out to the office the other day. Boy! Is he coming along! He's growing like a bad weed, Mr. Coughlin says, and I'm telling you, he sure is. Why, I hardly knew him. It won't be long before he'll catch up with me, and then I'll have to look to my laurels. (I'm pretty worried 'bout that, 'cause I don't know just exactly what it means. I heard one of the girls in the office say that, and I gather it means I might have a little competition 'round here soon.)

Well, Pete is just as friendly and wiggly as he was when he first came here to live with us, and I hear he's behaving better than he used to, although Mr. Coughlin said he still goes after the shoes and rugs. They have to keep after him all the time. He'll catch on after a while, though. He's a smart little fella—anybody can see that.

We had a real nice visit and while he was here we had a s'prise. A package addressed to Pete and Pal arrived and of course we had the Boss open it right away—we just couldn't wait to see what was in it. Boy! Was it a nice present! There were two boxes of milk bone dog biscuit—a little box for Pete and a big one for me. Wasn't that nice? Well, we had a party right then and there on the spot, 'n then Pete had to go home.

I want to thank "A Subway Salesman" for remembering Pete and me. It was mighty grand of you. I hope that your kindness will be rewarded with lots of luck and an increase in sales of SOCIAL JUSTICE.

* * *

WHILE I'M THANKING PEOPLE, I don't want to neglect those who sent in pictures of their dogs. I'm really gettin' a fine collection of some swell lookin' canines.

HERE I have just gone ramblin' on, and I knew there was somethin' important I should talk over with you folks.

It's about that Contest. Y'know, I'm sorta disappointed that there aren't more of my friends interested in this Contest—'specially the boys and girls. I really counted on you to put this most important Contest across.

I know that the weather's fine and you like to play, but gee! you could settle down for an hour or so and take care of this. Now don't say, "Oh, I wouldn't win even if I did try," or, "I don't wanna be bothered — I'd rather be out playing with the gang." That's being an "indifferentist"—'n you know what I think of indifferentists, don't you? I don't want anybody like that on my list of friends, 'cause my Boss says they're as much to blame as the Communists for all the trouble in the world today. Maybe they don't know it, but because they just sit back and don't care to 'xert themselves a little bit, they make it easy for the "subversive movements" to get strong and powerful and take all their liberties away from them. Oh, if they'd just wake up we wouldn't be having so much trouble. We wouldn't have depressions and unemployment and poor, starving children and worried Mothers and Daddies and wars and all those things.

Now I know that you good people really aren't "indifferentists." You've just overlooked getting started.

There are lots of swell prizes that each one of you has a chance to win. That's important. But it's more important that you let the world know how you feel on this war business. 'Member, you have to do your share in this propaganda against our country gettin' mixed up in "foreign entanglements."

All the information about this Contest is printed in another article. Please read it, boys and girls, and get your Mothers and Daddies busy, too.

As I said before, I'll keep track of things at this end. Everything will be strictly on the level; everybody will have an equal chance to win.

So, let's go!

* * *

I have to say goodbye, now. The Boss asked me to go for a ride with him. Wish you all could come along!

PAL

P.S. Just got back from the hospital where the Boss was making the rounds. He tells me there are some swell boys and girls in there and he is inviting them to my party in a week (?).

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Roosevelt, Not English or French, Leader in 'Stop Hitler' Move

Behind THE NEWS ★ by "Yours Truly"

An Open Letter to President Roosevelt

DEAR MR. PRESIDENT:

With a patriotic citizen's respect and love for his duly elected representative, the Chief Executive, I as a member of this organic democracy presume to present to you a sovereign citizen's observations on an all important matter which involves the peace and prosperity of my country.

You no doubt recognize that the foreign policies adopted by your administration constitute the greatest threat to world peace. America alone out of the so-called democracies of the world has gone to the extreme of verbally castigating certain nations as aggressors and invoking financial, economic and political sanctions against them.

You have gone so far as to arm the democracies. Common sense tells us that the State, War, Navy and Treasury Departments which entered into the sale of airplanes and aeronautical equipment to Great Britain and France acted with your knowledge and approbation. These Departments not only violated the laws of neutrality but went to the extreme of subsidizing the democracies to purchase war materials which were absolutely necessary for America's national defense. Hence, your administration arms the democracies at the expense of the peace and security of America and subsidizes these same nations with American money to arm themselves and to precipitate war.

* * *

When you left Warm Springs, for Washington you told your Georgia neighbors that you would be back to spend Thanksgiving with them "if we don't have a war." Your statement, like many others that have emanated from Washington, seemed designed to prepare the public mind to accept war when it is made.

The cries of alarmists in Washington that our country will be attacked —a cry which you repeated in your address to the Board of Governors of the Pan-American Association— seem quite artificial and imaginary when we examine the true situation. *There is no nation in the world that is in any position to attack America!*

We are indeed alarmed when we realize that no dictator in the world has uttered such ominous threats as you have, not excluding the "fuehrers" and "duces" of the so-called aggressor nations. Chamberlain and Daladier, regents of nations which are in proximate danger of being attacked, never uttered such forbodings. While you were making ominous threats of war, Prime Minister Chamberlain was pursuing his appeasement policies to Mussolini giving him one more chance to keep the peace.

Has not the United States made secret treaties with France and Great Britain? There is every reason to believe that the administration has entered into such agreements, judging from hints that Senators dropped after the now famous secret White House conference. Wasn't there an extra-Congressional and, therefore, unconstitutional agreement made between America and France for the sale and purchase of aeronautical equipment? Furthermore, are not the Hull secret trade agreements economic sanctions invoked against aggressor nations and concessions created for favored nations? Certainly these military and trade agreements

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Highlights of the Broadcast

THERE CAN be no lasting settlement and peace for Europe until the European nations themselves are willing to break down the economic barriers by which the "haves" impose economic restrictions upon the "have-nots."

It is impossible for 425 million people to subsist in contentment, penned up in quarters no larger than Texas and Oklahoma and not one half so fertile and productive.

* * *

Why should we Americans of this generation be deceived by a catchword when it is so evident that Europe can never have peace as long as it protects its age-old economy of might and oppression, and *as long as the economic destinies of Europe are wedded to gold!*

We Americans do not like the dictatorial forms of government in Germany, in Italy or elsewhere. We prefer our own democratic system. Nevertheless, it is time for us to recognize that the advertised opposition to the Fascist nations is not so much related to the forms of government which they sustain as to the fact that the war-mongers in America, in England, and in France are more concerned about the prospect of the gold-lacking nations combining against the gold-hoarding nations.

* * *

ONCE THE EUROPEAN chancellories are notified through the passage of a Neutrality Act that we in America refuse to supply men, munitions and money to fight their ever-recurring wars, then and not until then, will Chamberlain, Daladier, Mussolini, Hitler, Stalin and the rest of them sit down at a common table to discuss their common needs for the purpose of arriving at an agreeable peace and of abandoning the fiction of a forceful gold aggression.

* * *

What is the reason for all this war talk in America? Why are we so interested in protecting democracy where there is none? Why are we so determined to preserve the *status quo* of the Treaty of Versailles which every person recognizes as unjust?

Why Not Celebrate Victory in Spain?

SOCIAL JUSTICE has just received the following letter which speaks for itself. To the writer's suggestion that Christians commemorate the victory over Communism and the rescue of Spain for western civilization this National Weekly gives hearty assent. What do other readers think of his suggestion?

The letter follows:

TO THE EDITOR:

The civil war in Spain is ended. Jubilant populations everywhere hail General Franco as their country's rescuer. Why is nothing done in America to celebrate the Spanish victory?

All the world now knows the truth. The so-called "Loyalist cause" was a thing foreign to Spain—a "Frankenstein monster of Moscow construction," by which a small group of Anarchists and Communists held the people in terrorized subjection.

Now, the Nationalists have saved Spain. Franco's victory has driven Red Russia from the Spanish peninsula. Moreover, it is a triumph for Christian civilization in Western Europe! Why, then, is there no victory celebration by Christians?

Had the tide of battle gone the other way — and, with the help of stolen millions, it nearly did—the noisy forces of Red "democracy," led by the leftist leagues of Hollywood's motion picture players and the supporters of the Communist *Daily Worker* would have turned this whole country into one month-long May Day celebration.

But, because Christ has triumphed over Chaos, instead of any celebration of the victory, there is silence. Where are the 200,000 Americans, who at the instance of Father Coughlin sent telegrams at the eleventh hour to halt the lifting of the arms embargo? This is their victory as well as Franco's.

Why do not we Christians make the most of our victories?

I do not know whether such a ceremony could be arranged, but expressing, I am sure, the sentiment of many readers of SOCIAL JUSTICE, I would like to suggest a mammoth national celebration to commemorate the victory of Christianity over Communism and the rescue of Spain for western civilization.

I cannot think of a more appropriate place for such a nationwide demonstration than at the Shrine of the Little Flower in Royal Oak. There might be a High Mass of Thanksgiving—"*Te Deum Mass,*" I believe it is called—on some appropriate Sunday (perhaps on May Day!) with Father Coughlin's radio broadcast in the afternoon tying in with a service in which the entire nation could take part.

I am sure that General Franco, and eminent representatives of the Spanish clergy and people, would be glad to send messages which might be read to this nation over Father Coughlin's radio hour. Perhaps, even the diplomatic representatives of National Spain could be introduced, seeing as how the Red de los Rios with his $15-million propaganda fund has been so widely publicized for the other side.

I should like to know what other readers of SOCIAL JUSTICE think of this suggestion. Why not write to Father Coughlin, or to the editors of SOCIAL JUSTICE, if you agree with the idea of such a American celebration of thanksgiving for our Christian victory in Spain.

Thank God for the victory and thank God for Father Coughlin and his two powerful "pipelines" to the American people—the national radio hook-up and the national weekly, SOCIAL JUSTICE!

Paul Kalo

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Britain Crossed America With Aid to Germany

WASHINGTON, D. C. — A suspicion that President Roosevelt's blind hatred of the German nation constituted the core of his "foreign policy," was confirmed here last week in press accounts of his dealings with the British government.

It was revealed that the President, instead of simply falling into line in the alliance of the so-called democracies against the dictators, actually was the leader in the "stop Hitler" movement.

At the same time the British, traditionally eel-like in their diplomatic maneuverings, were shown to have crossed-up the President by furnishing financial support to Hitler. This is said to have enraged Mr. Roosevelt to the point where he burned the diplomatic atmosphere with messages to the British, and succeeded in "goading" Prime Minister Neville Chamberlain into challenging Germany by entering an alliance with Poland.

President Takes Lead in War-making

The danger to America in these Roosevelt contortions is easily discerned. America, having nothing to fear from Hitler in the way of invasion, has insulted the Reich and entered into economic warfare against the German government. At the same time the British, with everything to fear from Hitler in the way of invasion, have seen fit to furnish him economic support in strengthening his central European holdings.

The conclusion cannot be escaped that President Roosevelt is bent upon a war-making policy, and would drag France and Britain into a show-down fight, whether they would have it or not.

The British, it was reported, *feared the results that would follow the strengthening of "popular front" government, similar to that in France and in Spain under the rule of Negrin. This would indicate that the Communists—who constitute and direct the popular front—were aggressively active in Great Britain before and after the Munich crisis.*

The press reports of British dealings with the Germans charge that English bankers, after the Sudeten grab of Hitler, engaged in a race for business with the Germans, *even before the conclusion of the Munich peace.* They charge in addition that British diplomats discounted any feeling of sympathy with American Government outbursts against Hitler, and that the British financed outright, the German rearmament program.

Roosevelt 'Diplomatic'; Britain Tricky

President Roosevelt, it was charged, warned Chamberlain that if the spirit of the Munich peace continued, *all United States assistance would be cut off from Britain.* Why Roosevelt has insisted upon being a leader of the "stop Hitler" movement, at the same time giving lip service to a desire for peace, cannot be understood.

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President Roosevelt Wants War

(Continued from Page 1)

"Why does not Mr. Roosevelt pursue the policies which lead to peace by reconstructing a broken-down industrial system and re-employing 10-million able-bodied men and 22-million dolesters?

Why is America poverty stricken, with almost one-half of its population living below the standard of decency with $16-billion of gold buried at Fort Knox?

Why are aliens imported into America by the boatload, while American citizens are literally kicked out of their jobs in favor of foreigners?

Why is the Monroe Doctrine thrown into the waste paper basket, and in its stead a doctrine of world-wide democracy adopted?

Why is George Washington's policy of no foreign entanglements spurned and scorned, while in its place a doctrine of foreign entanglements is praised and revered?

Europe will defend itself against dictators until the last American is dead, until the last American gold coin is spent, until the last voice of the New Deal speaks its piece. But Europe has too much common sense to go to war against Germany, Italy, Roumania and possibly Russia and Poland when such a war spells doom and disaster for every party concerned.

Who are responsible for beating the tom-toms of war in America? In its last analysis, it is only those who want Europe to be destroyed and America to become the home of the refugees and the land of the gold.

President Does Not Make Policy

Under our Constitution it is not the province of the President of the United States either to make our foreign policy or to conclude treaties with other nations. That was—AND STILL IS—the function of the people's elected spokesmen: the Senate of the United States.

The Secretary of War, as his title implies, is only a Cabinet secretary. He is a personal puppet of the President.

If Americans do not want to fight in the next world war, then Mr. Roosevelt is for them the most dangerous man in the world! Ever since his Chicago talk in October, 1937, the President of the United States has given notice that he favors a policy of quarantine against what he calls "aggressor" nations. That means taking the side of one set of foreign nations against another combination of powers. It also means the end of the American independence which our founding fathers "declared."

Without America's help — either openly given or secretly promised—the nations of Europe will not engage in a general war. Without America, the nations of Europe will conduct their "aggression" as they have done, by "conquest and conference" but short of actual war.

Next War Will Destroy Cities

But if the United States goes in, there will be war—war at once, swift and terrible! And the metropolitan centers of Paris, Berlin and London will be in the front lines! Not alone will the "doughboys"—the youth of the farms and the city streets—be "sent to the front," there to share with rats and vermin the mud and blood of rotten trenches. The next war will be brought to the homes of the comfortable rich behind the lines —to the profiteers and the traffickers in the blood business.

The international financiers — the men who decree the wars that nations fight—know all this well. Already, they have concentrated the world's gold in America. Already, relying upon the geographical protection of 3,000 miles of ocean, they feel that they can operate with safety behind the "front" of the American Government and in the much abused named of "democracy."

When the old world capitals of Paris, Berlin and London have been laid waste, the governments of these capitals are in flight, their empires broken and their terrorized populations impoverished by war—the international plunderbund, clutching the world's gold which they have kept safely buried in America, will come forward to establish their world dictatorship.

World Dictator An Alluring Dream

Have they, perchance, sold the American President—as once before they sold Woodrow Wilson—on the idea that he is to be their man of destiny?

The time for action is short.

Americans who care; Americans who have a stake in their nation must speak out Now. Once war is declared, it will be too late to protest. Under the emergency of war—whether a "just" war or a common "racket" as the last one proved to be—it becomes the patriotic duty of every American to support the Government. To protest then is to be shot for a traitor.

We have not forgotten the clear-seeing dissenters who read the World War for what it was and sought to warn us—but it was too late, because we were already in it.

The American Neutrality Act expires at midnight on May First. Either it will be again extended or replaced by a new law. Let America declare for a steel-tight neutrality, which—like a new declaration of independence from Europe—will keep America out of foreign entanglements and war.

Your letter to your United States Senator is your part in averting America's entanglement in European affairs—and entanglement that is almost certain to lead to war, to the destruction of world governments as we know them now, and to the setting up of a world dictatorship under which none will be free, but in which everybody will be a slave.

Most Powerful Man in World

The most powerful—and the most dangerous man in existence today—is President Roosevelt of the United States of America. He is the most powerful for peace if he follows American traditions; he is the most dangerous in behalf of destruction if he pours the hot oil of words and incitations upon the powder keg of Europe.

While we talk of democracy and are willing to fight for it, let us recognize that there will be no more democracy in Washington than there is in Moscow, once war is entered into.

We have no love for Hitler and as much for Stalin. Furthermore, we have no love for those who love Hitler and less for those who love Stalin. Our business is to love America, the American pattern of life, the American tradition of government, the America to which our ancestors fled from a Europe that was coated over with the varnish of civilization but whose inwards were rotten with barbarism.

Europe hasn't changed within the last 150 years.

We speak much about taking the profits out of war. Let us also take the prophets of war out of America!

For six years we have been feeding a bird in a gilded cage—and that bird was a black crow. The time has arrived for some people to eat crow and for the majority of Americans to turn their attention towards peace and Christian democracy.

Have you written your letter to your Senator—or have you concluded that Cousin George would do it for you?

If you belong to the latter class, the black crow will become your symbol and the American eagle will take its place with the dodo bird of the past.

Attention, Please!

As yet many of you have not received a copy of the last thirteen lectures which I delivered over your national radio network.

Because I do not know which ones of you wrote to me, I am unable to use the mailing list of SOCIAL JUSTICE for fear of duplicating copies.

Therefore, I earnestly request you to write this week to me instructing me to mail you your copy of the well-bound book containing these last thirteen lectures.

Moreover—and this is very serious—please cast your vote "Yes" or "No" on the question: "Will I continue broadcasting during the summer months?"

Every home — particularly your home — should have this book which I am offering to you.

I have gone to considerable expense in having it printed and bound. These books will do no good if they are stored in my office. They will do considerable good if they are read in your homes by you and your friends.

God bless you.

FATHER COUGHLIN.

An Open Letter to the President

(Continued from Page 3)

made without the knowledge and approbation of the Congress to which the Constitution reserves the sole power of framing and ratifying such treaties, constitute economic, political and financial sanctions tantamount to acts of war?

Isn't it a fact, Mr. Roosevelt, that the war-mongers want war to preserve civil peace? A world war, they figure, would be the best deterrent to revolution. We are in a position to know that certain radical and racial groups want and plan war to stave off the inevitable American counter-revolution in blood which will be launched to undo the legislative revolution perpetrated by these groups against democracy and prosperity. However, we wish to assure you, Mr. President, that we Americans clearly see the purpose of these war-mongers' speeches and of these war-makers' plans, and that civil revolution will break out once war IS declared!

* * *

Americans will never die again in foreign fields to revenge any racial group's hatred of Nazi Germany, Fascist Italy and Nationalist Spain. Americans will not bleed to make profits in tears and blood for the manufacturers of munitions and dealers in death. Americans will not march forth to fight a so-called foreign enemy when they realize that the real enemies of America are the radicals within America! Americans will not fight against nations castigated as aggressors and permit the true aggressors, aliens and refugees from these nations, to remain in America making money and enjoying peace. True Americans will not fight and die to revenge these aliens (expropriation and exile), while they stay home from the war to destroy our America.

Mr. President, REVOLUTION WILL BE A CERTAINTY IF AMERICA GOES TO WAR—a revolution in which Americans will rid their America of war-makers and mongers!

Mr. President, you must first protect America against revolution—the distraction of a war will not accomplish it. We have 12-millions unemployed, $45-billion of direct debt, $40-billion more of unrecoverable assets, 10 years of a deliberately created depression, prostrated agriculture, paralyzed industry, 22-million dependent on Government doles, $20-billion of repudiated war debts, countless billions in evaporated stock, securities, real estate and productive properties. Destroy these causes of revolution first: then you may talk of wars abroad. But do not try to eliminate these evils through the death, destruction and suffering of a war fought to destroy democracy and annihilate peace.

YOURS TRULY

Pulpit Is 'Front' for Coughlin Smear

A systematic campaign to discredit Father Coughlin in the eyes of his followers has been carried on for some time.

A "smear squad," composed of the Jewish General Council and the Communist Party, and a host of organizations subsidiary to each, has resurrected every old propagandist dodge to paint Father Coughlin as an "Anti-Semite," "Nazi," "Fascist," and "Enemy of Democracy."

To the closely-knit groups of axe grinders who have attacked Father Coughlin's person, name and work have been added several "volunteers," anxious to participate in a gleeful job of character assassination for the dollars and notoriety it will attach to their names.

There is no need here to probe into the Jewish General Council and spread its entrails out for examination. That has been done before. Likewise there is no need to tear the "democracy" false face from the Communist Party. That has been done before, effectively.

There is a need, however, to unmask these left-wing publicity seekers, the character assassins who work for a price. One such, the "Reverend" Leon M. Birkhead of Kansas City, a Unitarian minister, Communist tool and "Liberal educator," is hereby presented for your examination. The others of his kind fall into the same general group, and may be judged accordingly.

Father Coughlin is counted by the Communists as their No. 1 enemy in the United States. His "opponents," if the smear brigade may be honored by such a dignified name, may be judged in the light of this fact.

—*The Editor.*

'Reverend' Birkhead Has Dropped Religion for 'Democracy'; Works for Reds

ON FEBRUARY 25 of this year the Reverend Leon Milton Birkhead, of Kansas City, Missouri, stood before delegates to the convention of the Progressive Education Association assembled in Detroit, and told them that Father Coughlin was a "liar who should be excommunicated by the Roman Catholic Church."

"Father Coughlin, on the basis of his own statements, and misstatements, stands condemned as an enemy of decency, honesty, and tolerance," the seamy-faced Birkhead said.

The Reverend Mr. Birkhead is pastor of All Souls Unitarian Church of Kansas City, known familiarly to Kansans as the "Liberal Center."

The "liberalism" of this institution, and its founder, far transcends the usual understanding of the word. Its "liberalism" is of the same type spoken of and understood by the disciples of Marx, Lenin and Stalin.

Scraps Religion; To Retain 'Democracy'

No worshipper ever entered a stranger church than that of the Reverend Mr. Birkhead. No prayers ever are offered within its walls. No Scripture ever is bothered with. No hymns are sung, and no opportunity for a collection is ever passed up.

Instead, this "church" has been used as a meeting place for Communist organizations. The *"Internationale"* has been sung where religious hymns are considered out of date. Clenched, whitened fists have been raised in the Communist salute —a symbol of Marxian defiance of God—in this "holy" place.

And the kindly pastor of this church, Mr. Birkhead, wrote in 1927: "The great forces of our time and religion are in mortal combat. *Traditional religion and democracy cannot live in the same world.*" So Mr. Birkhead chose to scrap religion and save democracy in the scrapping process.

As a horseman in the "smear Father Coughlin" brigade, Birkhead is well equipped. He numbers among his associates such expert smearers as Sinclair Lewis, whom he assisted as "technical adviser" in the preparation of *"Elmer Gantry,"* Lewis's smear on religion; Thomas Mann, the Nazi exile who smeared Christian morality in his *"Joseph in Egypt,"* and Westbrook Pegler, whose syndicated column notoriety has been built on his use of the smear as a literary device.

Sally Rand Is Pulpit Attraction

Birkhead is national director of an organization known as the "Friends of Democracy." The organization, another in the long list of professional democracy-praters, might better be known as the "Friends of Communism," for although it makes a pretense of opposing Communism along with Nazism and Fascism, the relative strength of its attack on the latter two contrasts with the lightness of its attack on the former, and betrays its love for Sovietism. Its membership roster lists men whose political natures are redder than the village fire truck.

President of the Friends of Democracy is the Reverend Joseph C. Cleveland, pastor of First Congregational Church of Kansas City, Kansas. Mr. Cleveland, like Mr. Birkhead, is strong for a flavor of modernism with his religion. Accordingly, on a bright Sunday morning in May, 1938, the Reverend Mr. Cleveland presented a guest preacher in his pulpit—Miss Sally Rand, of fan dance, bubble dance, and feather dance fame. She spoke in favor of the Red Loyalists who sought to drive Christianity out of Spain.

Miss Rand lately is reported to have foregone pulpit work, her duties as manager of a concession at the San Francisco World's Fair taking up the major part of her time. The concession, "Sally Rand's Nude Ranch," is a lewd display of naked women.

Companionate Marriage Pastor

Emanuel Haldeman-Julius, formerly a reporter for the Socialist *New York Call*, arose to wealth through the printing and publishing of his "Little Blue Books." These contributions to American literature were designed to give a pool hall education in the mysteries of sex for a reasonable sum. They glorified birth control, "eugenics," and served to spread the tenets of Communism. Some took jibes, gentle and severe, at the Roman Catholic Church, and at many Protestant beliefs.

Writer of several "Little Blue Books" for Mr. Haldeman-Julius, was our friend, Mr. Birkhead. This red man of the cloth ingratiated himself with the Haldeman-Julius family to such an extent that when Haldeman-Julius's daughter was companionately-married in 1927, it was Mr. Birkhead who performed the ceremony. Mrs. Haldeman-Julius commented at the time: "The Reverend L. M. Birkhead of All Souls Unitarian Church of Kansas City has been asked to perform the ceremony both because he is a close personal friend and because *he is in complete sympathy with our ideas in the matter.*"

Mr. Birkhead had a busy year in 1927. It was then his work, *"Change and Decay in Religion,"* appeared in the book, *"Humanist Sermons."* Mr. Birkhead in this masterpiece humbly served as undertaker at the burial of religion. He opened up with, "The old religion is dying." He blamed it all on modern civilization and democracy, and concluded that since there wasn't room for both, democracy must live.

Birkhead Takes The 'Other Side'

"Education and that which passes as religion never have lived together comfortably," he wrote. "Traditional religion is not the friend of any sort of education except a narrow religious education. Religion decreases with the increase of education. Industrialism has never been anything but the mortal enemy of religion."

Mr. Birkhead saw then the trend he leads so well today. "The prophets of our day are not in the pulpits," he wrote. "They are in the colleges and labor halls, and among the social workers. They are writing books like Brown's *'This Believing World,'* Dorsey's *'Why We Behave Like Human Beings,'* and Wells' *'The World of William Clissold.'*

"Is this a dark outlook? I think not. In this, the most irreligious age (from the standpoint of traditional religion) there is more humanity and more concern for the welfare of humanity than ever before in human society."

Mr. Birkhead, in 1927, apparently believed that we could do very nicely without God. We had made our greatest progress, he said, in that era in which God was all but forgotten. But Mr. Birkhead never took the "reverend" off the front of his name. Why a man whose object apparently is to destroy faith and belief in God wishes to have himself known as a minister of that same God, is a paradox. Perhaps this inductive reasoning explains it: (1) No "reverend," no "church." (2) No "church," no "liberal center." (3) No "liberal center," no collection plate. (4) No collection plate, no pamphlets. (5) No pamphlets, no pro-Soviet and anti-Nazi propaganda. (6) No propaganda, no "Friends of Democracy." (7) No "Friends of Democracy," no offerings and donations. (8) No offerings and donations, no publicity. (9) No publicity, no Birkhead.

Sees Europe, Scatters Pamphlets

In his ceaseless campaign to build the prominence of the Reverend Mr. Birkhead, this "minister" made heavy use of a trip to Europe. Having traveled through Italy and Germany, this Sherlock Holmes of the pulpit came back laden with "first hand" information of the propagandist ventures undertaken by the Reich and by the men of Mussolini.

In penny-shocker pamphlets peddled to workers throughout the industrial regions, Communist-fashion, Birkhead and his Friends of Democracy made happy use of the device of exaggeration to carry their propagandist points. These appeals to hatred and American involvement in Europe's quarrels shrieked such gems of reason as: "Hitler is determined to destroy the Declaration of Independence and the Bill of Rights in the United States as he has destroyed the once budding republics of Germany, Austria and Czecho-Slovakia."

The foreign affairs experts of the United States must have been chagrined to have been thus scooped by the resourceful Mr. Birkhead. They had no information of this assault on the Bill of Rights by little Adolf.

Then, too, little Adolf must have a vast, roaming army of volunteer agents chipping away at the foundations of all that is sacred in the world, for, as Mr. Birkhead's pamphlet says: "Americans must ask themselves: ARE YOU AN AGENT OF ADOLF HITLER?"

Told Workers Hitler Is Coming

By the same token the Reverend Mr. Birkhead should not *ask* himself, he should tell himself, *"I am an agent of Joe Stalin!"* In another pamphlet the Reverend Mr. Birkhead breaks the Olympic broadjump record by a standing leap across the Atlantic Ocean. Starting in the terror-ridden Naziland where every worker has a job, the Reverend explodes in Hitler's face as he shrieks: "HITLER FORBIDS STRIKES—HITLER FORBIDS COLLECTIVE BARGAINING—HITLER FORBIDS THE WORKERS TO MOVE FROM TOWN TO TOWN, FROM PLANT TO PLANT, OR EVEN FROM JOB TO JOB."

Without explaining just *how* Hitler is going to get over here to destroy the American labor movement, Mr. Birkhead shouts: "American workers are faced by a real crisis because of the ruthless aggression of Adolf Hitler, enemy of all honest toilers."

This is, of course, silly. It is a straight propaganda proposition that has its origin in Communist Russia. The ruthless destroyer Communism is not mentioned in these pamphlets; Communism with its octupus-like International that extends into every country on the face of the earth with the objective of world revolution. That constitutes no menace in the red head of Mr. Birkhead, who, like all good Communists would have us thrown into a "Stop Hitler" war.

Works with Jewish Masonry

After his return from his European tour, Mr. Birkhead sought receptive audiences for the "first hand" information he brought from abroad. He found one in the Sinai Temple, Chicago, in March, 1937. He reported that he had talked with the agent of Julius Streicher, the scourge of the Jews, and that this man said: "We are going to have lots of fun in Palestine: we are going to drive the Jews off the face of the earth."

After reporting on each of the nation's most notorious anti-Semites, Mr. Birkhead filled in at a question-and-answer period. He told his audience then that he intended to form an organization to spread counter-propaganda over the radio, in literature and in the cinema. One question asked was, "Isn't the American League Against War and Fascism now the League for Peace and Democracy doing a lot of good?" The answer: "Not so much, *because it is marked as Communistic—that hurts them.*"

The Reverend Mr. Birkhead has dabbled in Kansas politics, perhaps with the idea of branching out nationally. He has met with officials of the B'nai B'rith, worked hand in hand with the American League Against War and Fascism, invited "Republicans, Democrats, Socialists, Communists, Single Taxers, et cetera," to "rent our building (the Liberal Center) for neighborhood and political meetings." He boasted of the meetings of the American League

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NATIONAL WEEKLY

Social Justice

Founded 1936 by Father Coughlin

Rev. Chas. E. Coughlin, LL.D.

EDITORIAL COUNSEL

Published by The Social Justice Publishing Co.

16 PRINCIPLES OF SOCIAL JUSTICE

Liberty of conscience and education.
Just living annual wage.
Nationalization of important public resources.
Private ownership of all other property.
Control of private property for public good.
Abolition of Federal Reserve Banking System and establishment of a government-owned Central Bank.
Restoration to Congress of its sole right to coin and regulate the value of money.
Cost of living maintained on an even keel.
Cost of production plus a fair profit for the farmer.
Labor's right to organize.
Recall of non-productive bonds.
Abolition of tax-exempt bonds.
Broadened base of taxation on basis of ownership and capacity to pay.
Simplification of government and lower taxes.
Conscription of wealth as well as men in event of war.
Sanctity of human rights preferred to sanctity of property with government's chief concern for the poor.

Our Attitude Towards Nazis

SEVERAL MONTHS AGO Father Coughlin had occasion to condemn the Nazi persecution of Jews and of Christians. At that time he called upon religious Jews and Christians to unite against both Naziism and Communism, both of which he equally condemned.

Although certain elements in this nation accused the Editorial Counsel of this magazine of being "anti-Semitic" because he adduced the reasons alleged by Germany for its persecution of Jews; although he has been roundly accused of being pro-Nazi, nevertheless neither he nor SOCIAL JUSTICE magazine is in sympathy with the religious principles of the Nazi government.

We admit that Mr. Hitler's party has brought about many economic reforms. We admit that, in a manner, it has been a barrier against Communism. But we maintain vigorously that the social structure of Naziism is absolutely unsound insofar as it claims full authority over what the ministers of religion may or may not speak in their pulpit, and full authority over the direction of education in Germany. Add to this the unsound claim of racial superiority which seems to be integral part of Naziism, and then it is clear, for these reasons if for no others, why SOCIAL JUSTICE magazine together with its Editorial Counsel have not, do not, and will not be found in the lists of those supporting Naziism.

No true follower of Christian social justice can be a Nazi insofar as he accepts the heresies which are substantially incorporated in that system of philosophy, of sociology and of pedagogy.

Although the Nazi government has not persecuted either Christians or Jews unto death, as happened in Russia under Lenin and Stalin, nevertheless by its more refined persecution of the minds of the children in Germany by forcing them to accept Nazi-interpreted Christianity, the results will be the same in the end, unless a change transpires.

No news article appearing in SOCIAL JUSTICE magazine which apparently favors Germany may be interpreted as an approval on our part of German Naziism as it stands. Nevertheless, we are not forgetful that upwards of 70-million Christian people are resident within the precincts of the Reich and, therefore are hopeful, once their economic difficulties will have been solved, that they will strive earnestly, courageously and determinedly to re-institute religion on the plane where Christ originally placed it when He said to the Prince of the Apostles: *"Go ye therefore and teach all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father, of th Son and of the Holy Ghost . . . to thee do I give the keys of the Kingdom of Heaven . . . he who heareth you heareth Me."*

The Founder of Christianity never uttered such words to the head of a political party nor extended to any king, emperor, dictator or chancellor the commission of teaching all nations and of interpreting Christianity.

In conjunction with this editorial we print an excerpt from an article appearing in *The New Times* of England written by the eminent Father Drinkwater of Birmingham, who says:

"What we don't all realize is that they (the Nazis) have done a lot of good, too—a lot of good that ought to have been done by the Christian conscience of each nation, but which was left undone. These totalitarian States have dethroned finance, ended unemployment and malnutrition, multiplied small-ownership on the land, provided unlimited funds for education, enabled all young people to marry and have a family (yes, Russia, too), abolished class distinctions to a great extent (whether that is altogether a good thing remains to be seen, but anyhow, they have done it), and made it possible for every citizen to share the sports and theatres and so forth that were formerly the privilege of the idle rich.

"Well, now here is the point. Whatever the dictators have done in that way they have done by taking back the nation's money-power into the hands of the State, and using it for the common good; at any rate, for the common good as they see it. In this one thing, at any rate, they have been a thousand times right."

More Power To Them!

ACCORDING TO A RECENT London dispatch which our daily press failed to print, we learn that a large number of Britishers who fought in the International Brigade for Red Spain returned home disillusioned. Now they have formed an International Brigadiers' Anti-Communist League. They are very vocal in telling the English people that they fought for Red Spain and found out the truth; that they know about the Communist atrocities.

Public demonstrations and a reasonable show of power are good things to build up the morale of our citizens—good for England, and good for the United States of America.

Although they did not belong to any International Brigade, more than 3,000 patriotic men and women who are followers of Father Coughlin organized last Sunday and descended upon Times Square, New York City at approximately 5 P.M. Instead of having armed themselves with guns, stink bombs and clubs, each man and woman was armed with ten copies of SOCIAL JUSTICE National Weekly.

Every copy was sold out before 10 P.M.—and even back copies were in demand.

More power to them!

Is it not possible for the followers of Father Coughlin to organize in Brooklyn, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, Cleveland, Toledo, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Providence, Fall River and Boston—in fact, in every community—to do the same thing every Saturday or Sunday?

The New Yorkers have shown the way. They have challenged the rest of the country to follow.

There is no reason why SOCIAL JUSTICE circulation should not advance beyond the million mark—no reason, unless the friends of Father Coughlin fail to organize and cover their local communities like a tent for an hour or so every Saturday and Sunday.

The Britishers have taught us a lesson. The New Yorkers have copied it and are waiting for the spark of their enthusiasm to light a fire in other communities.

How Much Do You Care?

FOR 10 YEARS this country has suffered under a depression. It was not an accident. It was *deliberately created*—your National Weekly, SOCIAL JUSTICE has often told you how.

That depression robbed you of your bank savings account, then your jobs and, in many cases, your homes—*and nobody in all America shot a banker!*

We continue without jobs, 12-million of us; 22-million subsist on dole rations—*and we do not revolt!*

We watch a policy of bond borrowing that pays an interest toll to private lenders, profiting off our poverty—with the Government persisting in its refusal to amend its money policy —*and nobody goes on a tax strike!*

The Neutrality Act which expires next Monday may have kept us out of war, but it took your vigilance with a flood of telegrams to the United States Senate to prevent lifting the arms embargo to help the Reds in Spain.

Your letter to your United States Senator, calling upon him to vote for a genuine neutrality law, MUST GO OUT THIS WEEK. There's no more time left!

If we were still under the Constitution of this Republic, the foreign policy of this country would be made by the United States Senate. But, ever since the fall of 1937, the President of the United States has openly advocated a foreign policy of intervention contrary to American tradition.

Mr. Roosevelt has made it plain that he believes our involvement in a foreign war *is less to be feared than the economic consequences of a policy of isolation.*

Now what does this mean except that the New Deal fears retribution for its record of failure—unless the people can be distracted by some graver crisis?

HOW MUCH WILL WE STAND?

Is a war crisis being hatched deliberately to prevent a revolution from discontented Americans at home?

Does anybody in the Administration believe for a moment that the American people's resentment against New Deal failure can be deflected against foreign dictators?

Instead of cooling off the nation's grievances, such a policy must only aggravate them!

We now have an Administration *deliberately looking for an emergency* and openly committing us to the side of capitalism in the new line-up of world powers overseas.

It was uncurbed capitalism that created the depression here at home. Our President would take us into a combination of nations committed to the continuance of the same kind of capitalism.

HOW MUCH WILL WE STAND?

You haven't much time. Get back of your Senator. Halt the swift drift toward entangling foreign alliances that mean certain war.

Save America!

WRITE THAT LETTER TODAY!

Roosevelt's 'Peace' Proposals

A GRADE SCHOOL STUDENT reading his current events notes, could have prophesied the reception given to Mr. Roosevelt's "peace" proposals to Italy and Germany: Loud cheers in London, Paris and Moscow; silence in Rome and Berlin.

For Mr. Roosevelt was not transmitting these proposals as an unprejudiced observer to the world scene. He was transmitting the notes as an interested party to a quarrel!

His blasts against the "aggressors" and the "dictators," and the Hitler government have been loud, frequent and undiplomatic. His secret airplane deal with the French was a shaft aimed directly at Hitler's head. His address to Congress on January 3 was the rallying call for an economic warfare against the "aggressors."

Consequently, the countries on the receiving end of the new proposals were faced with a request to "guarantee" Europe's peace (i.e., the *status quo*), for a definite period. Mr. Roosevelt asked them—as a participant to their quarreling, remember—to make an act of contrition, admit that he and the "democracies" were right and that they themselves were wrong, and to agree to forego any more of this kind of "wrong-doing" for 10 or 25 years.

Had the dictators asked Mr. Roosevelt to cease his war-mongering utterances for 10 months, he and perhaps Mr. Ickes would have roared their defiance at this impertinence. Yet Mr. Roosevelt boldly asks the dictators to refrain from any more warlike acts for a score of years.

There is no note of "peace" in any such proposal as that.

Lessons From Czecho-Slovakia

No General War Is Likely to Arise Out of Any European Problem— The Real Aggressors Are the Capitalists of England and America

By Dr. J. S. Barnes

TRAGEDY IS THE VERDICT of most persons as they read the news of the final eclipse of Czecho-Slovakia. Tragedy, indeed! What is tragedy but the retribution that follows inevitably as the consequence of our own folly?

There must still repose somewhere among the archives of the British Foreign Office the *Minute* that I wrote as a young attache to the British delegation at the Paris Peace Conference in 1919.

In that *Minute* I made two specific points:

First, I said that the marriage between Slovakia on the one hand and Bohemia-Moravia on the other (where the Czechs live) could only be rendered possible for geographical reasons by attributing to Slovakia territory inhabited, practically exclusively, by more than 750,000 Hungarians.

I said that this was an injustice and a violation of the principle of self-determination laid down by President Wilson. I said that such a situation was not even doing justice to the Slovaks, who were quite a different people from the Czechs and who had never manifested any desire to be joined to them. What they really wanted, I said, was local administrative and cultural autonomy, but to be otherwise left joined to Hungary, because there could be no satisfactory economic separation between the mountainous and hilly district which they inhabited and the plains at their feet inhabited by Hungarians.

I concluded that the day would inevitably come when the Hungarians would get back their lands and that from that day onwards the separation of Slovakia from Bohemia-Moravia would become necessary in order to enable the Slovaks to live and prosper.

As a young attache of the British delegation to the Paris peace conference 20 years ago, Dr. Barnes prepared a memo on Czecho-Slovakia for the British Foreign Office. His diagnosis and his warning have been borne out by history. From the dismemberment of Czecho-Slovakia this eminent contributor to SOCIAL JUSTICE now draws some lessons for the future, valuable both for Europe and America.
—*The Editor.*

Crisis Confirms Early Diagnosis

Readers of my previous articles in SOCIAL JUSTICE, written at the time of the Munich crisis, will have this point clear. I again predicted the separation of Slovakia from Bohemia-Moravia as one of the inevitable consequences of the Munich Agreement, which detached the Hungarian lands from Slovakia. The same could be said of Ruthenia or "Carpatho-Ukraine."

The second point established in my *Minute* (and also explained in my previous articles) was that the continued independence of the historical and geographical area constituted by the old Austrian provinces of Bohemia and Moravia depended on the Czechs giving the Germans local autonomy and making their common country absolutely neutral like Switzerland. Otherwise, I said, the Sudeten Germans would never settle down contentedly with the Czechs, because they could not be expected after 600 years of domination over the Czechs to be dominated by the Czechs and because they could not be expected to tolerate the possibility of being called on to fight their blood brothers of Germany in any quarrel arising out of a dispute between Germany and France.

I concluded that as soon as Germany became strong again, as in course of time she was bound to do, the Sudeten elements would otherwise demand and obtain separation from the Czechs and that this dismemberment of an historical and geographical area would mean the eclipse of the political independence of the Czechs.

Munich proved that my diagnosis, made 20 years previously, was exactly correct.

Czechs Paying for Benes' Folly

Professor Benes disregarded the advice of wise old Professor Masaryk. He refused autonomy to the Sudeten Germans and made a military alliance with France. The Czechs have now at last paid the ultimate price of his folly. The latest events have come as a surprise to nobody who had unprejudiced knowledge of the facts.

The present crisis is the logical result of Munich, which in turn was the logical consequence of Czech folly, of the folly of the makers of the Peace of Versailles and, among those makers, of French statesmen and of Dr. Benes in particular. The recent explosion was touched off from within Czecho-Slovakia. *There is nothing to show that the disruption of Czecho-Slovakia was either planned or fomented by the Reich* as part of a preconceived strategy of eastward advance.

Germany's policy of the *Drang nach Osten*—the thrust towards the East—remains nevertheless the necessary policy of any strong and independent Germany. It was the policy of Kaiser Wilhelm's Germany no less than it is the policy of Hitler's Germany. It is a vital interest for Germany; and it is dictated by geographical reasons.

Just as Slovakia and Hungary together form a geographical area, so on a larger scale does the whole of the eastern basin of the Danube. Germany and what was Austria, Czecho-Slovakia, Carpatho-Ukraine, Hungary and Roumania are destined by geography to form a closely combined economic unit, which insofar as that destiny is fulfilled is to the advantage of all the nations concerned. But it also means, on account of the preponderant weight of Germany's relative strength, that Germany, within that economic and geographical unit is destined to become the dominant political partner. We might as well face that fact and let nature take its course. The alternative means not only war, but the impossibility of any enduring peace.

Future Course of States is Plain

What then of the future? To my mind, it is quite plain. The Czechs will receive, within the boundaries of the Reich, cultural and administrative autonomy; also, exemption from any military service under the Reich. Economically they will form part and parcel of the Reich; and they will be politically dominated by the Reich.

Slovakia and Carpatho-Ukraine will occupy sooner or later a similar position vis-a-vis Hungary except that Germany will protect Slovakia from political domination by Hungary. Hungary will enter into a closer economic relationship with Germany. And then, sooner or later, the Transylvanian question will come up for consideration. Whether it will come up in the form of a dramatic crisis or otherwise depends mainly on the statemanship of King Carol.

Transylvania belongs geographically more to Hungary than to Roumania. Its population is in the majority Roumanian; but the Hungarians number about 1-million. About 600,000 of them cannot be separated from the Roumanian area without placing the Roumanian population economically "in the air."

There are, therefore, only two solutions: the annexation of Transylvania by Hungary with cultural and administrative rights for the Roumanian area, or the granting in the immediate future of full cultural and administrative rights to the Hungarian area by Roumania and a customs union between the two countries.

If King Carol adopts the latter course, he may save Transylvania for Roumania. Otherwise, it is only a question of time and Transylvania will share the fate of Slovakia and Carpatho-Ukraine.

Mussolini's Thesis Wins

Public opinion in America might just as well accommodate itself now to the facts of the situation. To be forewarned is to avoid the jitters. Events will take their course. The *Drang nach Osten* will continue and neither France, nor Great Britain, nor Italy are going to involve themselves in war to prevent it.

The present crisis has proved again the perspicacity of Mussolini more than the perspicacity of Hitler. At the time of the Munich Conference, Mussolini showed a grasp of the realities of the situation when he declared in favor of the dismemberment of Czecho-Slovakia in the name of the self-determination of peoples. Hitler did not see so far. He saw only the immediate problem as touching German interests.

Mussolini's thesis has triumphed; but it has made Germany's position in the Rome-Berlin axis stronger. This is no disadvantage to Italy now, but it may become so in the future, if Mussolini fails to crown his policy by the realization of the Four Power Pact.

The Four Power Pact would square the axis. This would also be in the interests of France; for it would mean friendship between France, Great Britain, Italy, Spain, Portugal, Yugoslavia, Bulgaria and Greece; and friendship and collaboration between these Powers means a balance of power between the nations of western Europe and those of central and eastern Europe without at the same time necessitating any serious rivalry between the two groups. Italy would become the harmonizing element.

Italy Holds Key to Peace

It may accordingly be concluded that the future peace of Europe depends on the realization of Mussolini's aim at forming the Four Power Pact. This in turn depends on whether or not France is prepared to make reasonable concessions to Italy and whether or not the German colonial question can be satisfactorily solved.

Personally I believe that these two questions will be settled satisfactorily, the first this summer, the second within the next two years—at least in a manner sufficiently satisfactory to enable the Four Power Pact to become a substantial reality.

A staying of the armaments race will then follow and the basis of European collaboration will be laid.

The real trouble, that might lead to a general war, is not likely to arise out of any of these problems. The real trouble lies in the ambitions of the representatives of the old school of capitalistic financial imperialism.

It is these people who are the real aggressors and they are chiefly to be found in England and America.

DR. EDUARD BENES

Communism in China

National Membership Is Now Second Only to Russia; Controls Government

***By* LEON HAMILTON**

SOON AFTER THE BOLSHEVIK REVOLUTION of 1917 in Russia, expert Communist agent provocateurs and propagandists went to China. Through their propaganda, directed and subsidized from Moscow, they succeeded in bringing vast sections of China under the delusive spell of Communism.

Through their efforts they were able to establish the Chinese Communist Party at Shanghai, with a nucleus of radical professors, students and professional agitators.

The Chinese Communist Party grew until it was second only to the Communist party of Russia in number of enrolled members. With stooges, fellow travelers, innocents and professional patriots, the Communists were able to control great provinces of China. In fact, the Chinese Communists controlled a section of China vaster in extent than the total area of Germany.

In these provinces there were more than 300,000 trained Communist soldiers and about 700,000 Communist irregulars. Both regulars and irregulars were led by Soviet Russian Communist militarists and subsidized with Russian gold. The Chinese Communist forces were able to bend every Chinese government, provincial and national, to their will.

In fact, the Communist regulars administered several stinging defeats to the great Communist-chaser, Chiang Kai Shek, about the time that they established a bank at Juichin. This bank issued paper money and coin, the former showing the image of Lenin and the latter of Karl Marx! On the reverse side of the paper money and coins there appeared the international Communist emblem, the Hammer and Sickle!

Withdrew When Defeat Threatened

With dictatorial ambitions, Chiang Kai Shek—whose rise to power was due to Communist aid and co-operation—resolved to drive out of China all pretenders to power. He drove the Communists out of Kiangsi province but never completely defeated them for they made strategic retreats and gained astonishing sallies in and through Western China provinces. Whenever defeat stared them in the face the Chinese Communists withdrew to the Soviet-Chinese border. They then received further subsidies and rearmament and were prepared to sally forth on other excursions of terror.

The Communist Nationalist civil war went on uninterruptedly for sixteen years from 1920 to 1936. The radio, press and cinema have kept silent on this destructive civil war, hoping to veil in silence the Soviet Russian grab of a territory of 9,720,000 square miles and the subjugation of a population of over 170-million people to the red flag of Communism. In ten years over 20-million citizens of China, most of them non-combatant women and children, were slaughtered in a war created by the effort of a foreign government to impose Communism on China.

In the civil war the balance of victory swung equally between Communists and Nationalists. The Communist Party brought continual pressure to bear on Chiang Kai Shek in an effort to force him to direct his attention to the Fascist Japanese who threatened to invade China. To achieve their purpose, Chinese Communist agitators and propagandists stirred up the people against the Nationalist government, which directed its attention to carrying on civil war with fellow Chinese and permitted Japanese invaders to take over Chinese territory without resistance.

Red propaganda pictured Chiang as a Japanese ally and an enemy of China. Gradually the rumor was broadcast, even in the foreign press, that Chiang had accepted subsidies from Japan to carry on a civil war against Chinese Communists while he permitted Japan to seize China. The Communists hoped to force Chiang to join forces with them to repel the attacks of Japan. Meanwhile Chinese Communism would wax strong as a result of the war against Japanese aggression and imperialism.

Red Assistance Found Evident

The Communists knew that they could dominate Chiang once he joined forces with them to repel the Japanese invader. When Chiang refused to accede to the citizens' demands, the Communists kidnapped him at Sian in December, 1936. To gain his liberty, to preserve his dictatorship and to save his life, Chiang was forced to enter into an agreement with the Communists to carry on a war with Japan. Since he signed that agreement, the Nationalist government of China has been controlled by Chinese Communists and brain-trusted by Russian Communists.

CHIANG KAI SHEK

It is becoming increasingly evident that the Comintern and the Communist Party in various nations of the world are aiding the Communist Nationalist government of China. The American Communist Party with its liberal and radical affiliates have openly subsidized China with cash, credit, arms, planes, food and medical supplies. In fact, the Chinese Communists have created various collection and propaganda agencies in America to enlist financial support for the Chinese Communists.

As far back as May, 1927, the (Communist) Congress of the Pan Pacific Labor Unions was held at Hankow, China. An American was appointed to the position of permanent secretary of the Congress with headquarters at Shanghai. In addition to this position the American citizen was chosen as Secretary of the Far Eastern Bureau of the Comintern when that Moscow institution was established at Shanghai in 1928. This faithful servant of the Comintern in China, the American Secretary of the Labor Congress, the trusted and honored stooge for the Communist creators and controllers of the Comintern, was Earl Browder, the now Secretary General and directing genius of the Communist Party in America. Perhaps this might account for the transfer of affection and increase of subsidies by the American Communist Party to the Chinese Party now that the Spanish conflict has been concluded.

We dare to prophesy that the Communist Party will find more fellow travelers, stooges and innocents, enlisting in the cause of Communist China than were enrolled as sympathizers of Loyalist Spain. The Communists will capitalize upon America's traditional fear and created hatred of Japan and exploit Americans' abyssmal ignorance of affairs in China. Americans understood little about the affair in Spain, for the press, radio, cinema and theatre conspired to suppress the Communist Loyalist element in the struggle; but in the Chinese crisis they have conspired over a period of fifteen years to ignore the Communist element in China and dwell on the fear of the Japanese Fascism. To prevent Americans throwing themselves into a war for Russia and Communist China, Americans must learn of the facts and truths in the Chinese conflict.

Japan in Control of Peiping Completely, Traveler Reports

SOCIAL JUSTICE has received the following report from an American recently returned from China. In a country so vast as ancient China, it is, perhaps, natural that the observations and experiences of individuals, however well informed, may differ widely. Rather than contradicting others' information, these reports throw light upon different facets of a many-sided picture. In order to give readers the fullest possible information, so that they may formulate their own judgments, SOCIAL JUSTICE is always glad to receive and publish these viewpoints. Mr. Leon Hamilton, long a contributor to this National Weekly, has access to extensive and authentic sources.—*Editor.*

The American traveler whom we now quote wrote as follows:

"I read the articles in SOCIAL JUSTICE regarding Communism in China and I know there was good foundation for the statements made; at the same time they do not always do China justice in the present struggle. Even those who were pro-Japanese two years ago admit now that the fight against Communism in China is only a pretext with Japan. The primary object is occupation of the country!

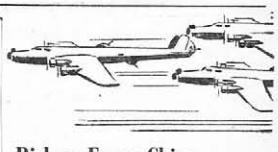
"Hopei Province did not know of any Communists before the Japanese invasion, now the country is filled with them. The people see only that it is a fight against the invader; they help their own against the Japanese, even when they are being plundered and robbed by the same soldiers whom they are helping. In punishing them, the Japanese make no distinctions—they hit all alike. Even Christian churches are bombed, because Chinese soldiers force the pastors to help them. (These, no doubt, are the Communist soldiers to whom Mr. Hamilton refers.—Editor)

"Outside a radius of some five miles from Peiping, there is neither law nor order—nothing but plundering and killing and rapine, *on both sides!*

"If the Japanese were fighting only Communism in China they would have done better by getting an agreement with Chiang Kai Shek, the generalissimo. They regret it now, and are doing everything possible to bring the whole business to an end.

"The occupation of North China by the Japanese is fairly evident: they are pouring into North China by the thousands. Probably a good part of Peiping is already owned by Japanese. They are buying up all the house property that is for sale—and sometimes when it is not for sale. Japanese are all over the city, and hold all the leading positions—postoffice, railways, electric supply, coal industry, banks, education, etc. Children from the third year of primary schooling upwards have to learn Japanese, sing Japanese songs, etc. English is forbidden in primary schools and one hour a week only is allowed in the middle schools. All business connected with schools, like supplying textbooks, is all in the hands of the Japanese. It is astounding to what extent they have already gotten such a grip on the life of China.

"Peiping is no longer Peking!"



Bishop From China Says His People Will Never Yield

"My people are pacifist; they have no territorial ambitions, but they will not yield in their struggle for an independent China until the Japanese have been driven from all our land."

These are the words of the Most Rev. Paul Yu-Pin, Bishop of Nanking, recently interviewed in Boston. His Excellency is in this country to express the gratitude of the Chinese people for the assistance of Americans in resisting the Japanese invasion.

"China is better off today from a military viewpoint than at the beginning of the war two years ago," the bishop said. "Then we had 1,400,000 soldiers; now we have 2-million. Our equipment is better. The world knows the story of our morale; there is no longer any question of our unity.

"If the democratic countries would only help negatively, by merely ceasing to ship armaments to Japan, we could start a great counter-offensive this Fall."

Asked why China had not carried the war to Japan through reprisals by bombing planes, the bishop said China had sent planes to Japan twice but that both times it was a good will mission. The planes dropped no bombs but leaflets urging the Japanese people to no longer support the military caste now ruling Japan.

Occupation of Albania Another Defeat for Capitalistic Dictators

ROME, ITALY—Albania has been occupied by Italy, but behind the move are many causes about which the press has maintained complete silence. The "news" has been preoccupied strictly with the effects of the military occupation. And even these disappointingly failed of their hoped-for sensationalism.

The country itself is a little larger than the American State of Vermont, with a population of about a million people, most of whom live in poverty. According to a 20-year defensive alliance, signed in 1927 between Italy and Albania, either party to the agreement may appeal to the other for help "should one of them be menaced by war."

Mussolini had strong reason to believe that Greece and Jugoslavia were being pressured to join the Communist-Capitalist alliance of Russia, England and France to complete the military encirclement of Italy by way of Albania on the Adriatic. Il Duce simply beat them at their own game and acted first.

Offer New Loans to Tempt Zog

Aside from the military considerations, there was the financial angle. Back in 1927 Albania desired loans on which to conduct its national business and to develop the country. At that time the international bankers refused to have anything to do with little Albania. They did not see any profits there.

Il Duce, however, came to the rescue and loaned considerable sums to Albania—so much so that today the little neighboring State is heavily indebted to Fascist Italy. Mussolini knew that the "democracies," which are backed by international finance, were dangling the tempting bait of attractive new loans before King Zog. Now that the little country had been rehabilitated by Italy's loans and had suddenly become of strategical military value, the international bankers were willing to lend money to King Zog on a nice tricky mortgage!

The confusion in Europe presents so many conflicting dangers that it is impossible to piece together their jig-saw puzzle unless one has the financial picture. It is basic.

One of the reasons for the bitter hostility of international finance, whether Jewish or not, to the totalitarian States is their persisting policy of doing without international bankers' loans.

Bankers Resent Independence

Throughout the late dispute between Great Britain and Italy over Abyssinia, it was always being hinted that, sooner or later, Italy must ask for a loan, and that it would be granted provided Mussolini agreed to act in a manner pleasing to certain financial groups. Loans were even urgently pressed upon Italy from various groups, each set of firms bidding against the other. But Mussolini steadfastly refused to have anything to do with them and went ahead on Italy's own resources. The corporative system, and the complete organization of Italy's economic life made this possible.

Italy's refusal to accept loans alarmed international financiers very seriously. "It was not merely the loss of Italian business which upset them," says the *Patriot* of London. "It was fear that Italy's example, and the evidence that she could successfully carry on her administration and even

EX-KING ZOG

conduct a great colonial enterprise on her own resources without the help of foreign finance, might be imitated by other powers, and that soon the whole structure of international loans, with usury, with their fat commissions might come to an end!"

Hence, the angry bitterness of the international financiers against Italy, the repeated attempts to ruin her politically and economically, and to arouse—on quite other grounds—the hostility of other nations against Italy, nations which had no particular interest in the loans in question and did not know where they were being led. This policy culminated in the criminal folly of the sanctions led by Litvinov, Benes who presided over the League of Nations when this economic murder of Italy was engineered, Anthony Eden leading the British wing, and Leon Blum, the French sector.

The statesmen, so-called, who enacted the sanctions policy thought they were being virtuous, noble, and inspired solely by pure League of Nations principles based on the rights of man — though with a total disregard for the laws of God. They were instead simply puppets in the hands of wire-pullers, far cleverer than themselves, who were acting exclusively in their own financial interests. But even the wire-pullers proved less clever than they thought, for their scheme failed ignominiously.

Other Dictators Follow Example

Moreover, Italy's successful example has been followed by Germany, and now is to be put into effect by National Spain under General Franco. Other countries, whether totalitarian or not, will probably follow suit. Everywhere there is reaction against a system which places whole nations at the mercy of financial manipulators, whose only preoccupation is what they hope to get out of the floating of loans and the buying and selling of securities.

Wars, even if they cause the death of millions of young men, and rumors of wars, even if they ruin millions of families by unemployment and destruction, are merely moves in the game for securing the only thing that matters to the international financier —so much per cent on a successful financial deal.

Only recently it was stated that a group of international financiers had organized a syndicate, backed by millions of pounds, to conduct a bear raid to depress sterling and the markets throughout the world. Unless they could raise a war, or at least a first-class international crisis, before settlement day on March 24th, they stood to lose a very great deal of money. To students of world markets, it is interesting to note that since settlement day, stocks and bonds had been mysteriously depressed to record lows. Every conceivable assinine reason has been advanced in the press *except this deliberate attempt by a certain international group to make money without working for it.*

Productive Loans Built Nations

The system of international loans in the course of the 19th century rendered great services by enabling new countries, rich in natural resources, but lacking liquid capital, to develop rapidly and successfully. But these loans were bona-fide investments provided by capitalists large and small who wished to put their savings to good use. In other words, these loans were based on production —to develop real wealth — not destruction, shell holes and mangled bodies.

But today international loans have taken on an entirely new character. Their purpose is no longer investment, but usurious speculation and illicit profits on financial jugglery. It is common knowledge to the informed that a number of American banks and trust companies indulged in this dishonest policy before the depression of 1929, and tried to force loans, often with success, on a number of Latin-American countries and some European countries who had sufficient collateral or who put themselves in pawn deeply enough with the bankers. The collateral consideration was secondary in many instances where personal, fraternal and other considerations tipped the scales, for only one thing was of importance—what could the international bankers rake off of the transactions?

South America Remembers Injury

We know the sad story of these defaulted loans; how the bonds and stocks were unloaded on innocent and unsuspecting American investors who had to stand the loss. The banks and trust companies took no interest in the subsequent proceedings. The memory of this financial trickery is one of the real reasons which makes a close understanding between the United States and certain Latin-American countries difficult. This is the unpublished reason why these countries are now trading with the anti-capitalist totalitarian States of Italy and Germany.

All over the world it is beginning to be realized that each country must try as far as possible to conduct its business with its own resources, and not depend on the borrowed credit funds of the international bankers who have no interest in any country except the flag of exploitation hiding behind the mask of "democracy."

The all-powerful financial groups represent an invisible dictatorship—more ruthless and more diabolical than any visible dictator who refuses to be economically strangled by this unseen group.

Bid for Soviet Russia's Aid Is Embarrassing for England

LONDON, ENGLAND — Prime Minister Neville Chamberlain has "intensified his efforts to bring Soviet Russia into a European anti-aggression pact," London news correspondents are cabling their home papers. David Lloyd George recently told Chamberlain:

"If we are going in (to a guarantee of Poland) without the help of Russia, we are walking into a trap."

Mr. Chamberlain must be under terrific pressure to listen to Lloyd George who is as much responsible as anyone for the inequities of the Versailles Treaty.

The *Weekly Review*, directed by Hillaire Belloc, says:

"The government has made a grave blunder in appealing for aid to the Moscow Communists in the present crisis. Having failed to provide an army (which has been a crying necessity for nearly two years) they have no choice but to get help from some foreign source. They have already the support of the French army, but its numbers are not adequate to meet the threat from Berlin which now hangs over the whole of civilization.

"It is even less possible to trust Moscow than to trust Hitler, and had our politicians consulted anyone of sufficient experience they would have learnt (perhaps to their astonishment) that an appeal to Moscow was the one certain way of alienating the Poles. Moscow neither can nor will help. And even if it could, the remedy would be worse than the disease. The permanent enemy of our civilization is the International Communist plot worked from Moscow. Its object is to provoke European war.

"It is the more astonishing when one considers that the misjudgment has come right on the heels of the Nationalist victory in Spain. That victory has happily stamped out the worst peril of anarchy and dissolution which Moscow had as yet launched against our Western and Christian civilization.

"The effort in Spain was directed especially against religion, and it was directed also against all the traditions of culture and right living which religion had built up among us. The struggle was a mortal one. The issue for a long time lay in the balance—now at last Spain is saved; and our government has chosen this moment, of all moments, for forgetting the most glaring lesson of modern times and for acting as though these things had not been and were not still vividly present in the conscience of all civilized men!

"Perhaps the error will repair itself through its very absurdity and enormity, but it has already done incalculable harm. No more grateful present could have been given to the unbalanced, perjured, and perilous clique now dominant in Berlin than this news from London that the English government was asking help of Litvinov. Nor let it be pleaded that the thing was done under French advice. The whole weight of French opinion is exactly the other way. Apart from the Jewish *Populaire* and the Moscow organ in Paris called *Humanite*, there has been no serious attempt in the French press to defend this last folly. Of course, the opportunity will be jumped at by our worst enemies abroad, both on the Communist and on the Hitler side. For it is of equal advantage to both . . . Each day that we hesitate, we are losing ground; for, besides weakening ourselves in the eyes of Germany, we are allying ourselves with the two most treacherous and anti-social forces in the world—Communism and International Finance."

Peace League Smears Coughlin

Shrine Dinner Chats

(Continued from Page 2)

The Reverend Charles Graves, Unitarian minister and writer, in his *History of Unitarianism* says on page 29:

"The Unitarian idea of Jesus is that He is in all respects a human being. They hold that the idea that Jesus was 'a man and something more' makes His 'life of singular purity, elevation, courage, sanity and devotion' worthless as an example to beings who are *only men*. Also a Christ 'conceived of the Holy Ghost and born of the Virgin Mary' adds no distinction or force to anything Jesus said or did or was. That idea simply makes Him one of many mythological beings which form the centre of many religions."

* * *

On page 27 of the same book, he says:

"Unitarians have no creed, no *official* theology. They have 'statements' of faith. The most popular being: 'The Fatherhood of God; the Brotherhood of man; the Leadership of Jesus; salvation by character; the progress of mankind onward and upward forever.'"

On page 25 of the same book, the Reverend Charles Graves says:

"Popularly a Unitarian is one who does not believe in 'the divinity of Christ,' or more correctly in the deity of Christ. That is but another way of saying that Unitarians do not believe in the Trinitarian formula expressed in the Athanasian and Nicean creeds and embodied in all Protestant orthodox creeds. Because of this lack of belief in the Trinity, Unitarians are classified in the United States Religious Census as 'non-Evangelical,' and are usually officially classified by the 'Evangelical' bodies as non-Christian. This latter classification was very definitely made at the organization of the Federation of the Christian Churches of America in 1905. This officially representative body of 'Evangelical' churches decided that to qualify as a 'Christian' church there must be a complete acceptance of the Trinitarian formula. Unitarians decline to accept that decision and emphatically insist that it is not necessary to be a Trinitarian in order to be a Christian."

* * *

Not All Unitarians Support Leaders

[By no means do all Unitarians endorse either the ultra liberalism of their theologians nor the subversive radicalism of their extremist leaders. Indeed, not a few members of the Unitarian denomination have been among the ardent supporters of the broadcasts. In the castigation of those clergymen who lend themselves to the subversive smear campaign, therefore, SOCIAL JUSTICE would not wish to be understood as critical of the honest convictions of those sincere Unitarians who have no part in their leaders' activity.—*Editor.*]

To continue quoting the Government document, we read:

"When the U. S. Congress Against War was transformed into the American League Against War and Fascism, Harry F. Ward became its leader. Ward is a British-born Marxian minister, who has for years headed the American Civil Liberties Union, 90 per cent of the activities of which are in defense of Communists in the United States, according to the findings of the Fish Committee Investigating Subversive Activities. Ward has also headed the Methodist Federation for Social Service for years, an organization which has been disowned as an official agency of the Methodist Church, and which has openly espoused the change of our system of government to one of 'for production for use and not for profit.' Earl Browder, national secretary of the Communist Party, was made vice-chairman of the American league. A long list of his red henchmen were selected to fill other offices and committee assignments.

"Anyone who has read the pronouncements of the Communist Party can realize that the above program is similar to that of the Communist Party. Members of the league, or affiliates thereof through other organizations carry out that 10-point program through 'educational propaganda, action by mass meetings, demonstrations, picketing, and political pressure on legislative and administrative officials.' (*A Program Against War and Fascism*, pp. 18-9.)

"Membership dues in the American league are from 10 to 50 cents a year. One having noted the wide activities of the organization will realize how impossible it would be for the league to continue operating on such dues.

* * *

"The American League, by its own admission, has carried on a campaign to defeat the Tydings-McCormack bill which would make Communist activities within our armed forces illegal, the Kramer sedition bill, War and Navy Department appropriation bills. It has carried on a campaign boycotting Hearst papers and against the Red Salute and Riff Raff, anti-Communist films; in support of the Spanish Red Front and the Chinese since Russia became interested; against Italy, Germany, and Japan. It openly opposes Nazi activities in the United States, while at the same time it favors Communist activities."

* * *

Leaders Praise Communist Party

The Government document also adds the following information about the American League for Peace and Democracy:

"At the last congress of the league, held in Pittsburgh, November, 1937, the organization again changed its name, this time to conform with the temporary changing Communist policy for 'peace and democracy.' It is now known as the American League for Peace and Democracy. Harry Ward and Prof. Robert Morss Lovett took occasion at this last congress to openly praise the Communist Party and Communists.

"Many widely known Communists were appointed to the various committees. Earl Browder is serving on the important resolutions committee. The resolutions adopted, therefore, were satisfactory from the Communist Party standpoint. Members of the committee included Max Yergan, Anna Schneiderman, Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, Blanche Lowenthal, Sam Wolchok, Al Hyman, Ruben Zuckerman, Dr. Kurt Rosenfeld, former Minister of Justice in Germany; James Lerner, and Anna Damon.

"Roger Baldwin was selected to head the nominations committee. Baldwin is known best for his statements made before the Fish committee, one of which was to the effect that the American Civil Liberties Union upholds the right of aliens or nationals to advocate murder, assassination, and the overthrow of our Government by force and violence. Others on the committee are James Ford, Abraham Feingold, Jack Rosenberg, Ben Gold, Robert Dunn, Margaret Cowl, August Mueller, William Gordon, and Gordon Sloane.

"Members of the program committee include Clarence Hathaway, A. A. Heller, Angelo Herndon, Joseph Pass, Meta Berger, Helen Holman, A. Isserman, Mrs. J. K. Cohen, and Dorothy McConnell, daughter of Francis J. McConnell.

"Strange as it may seem, although the league disclaims Communist leadership and influence, most of the above - mentioned individuals are Communists . . .

* * *

"At the last convention of the American League, the Works Progress Administration was denounced for dismissing 13 Japanese and 2 Chinese artists because they were not citizens of this country. Pledges were taken by leaders of the Federal Writers' Union; League of American Writers; Book Union; W.P.A. section, Local 400, Teachers' Union; Artists' Union, and Theater of Arts that those organizations would become affiliates of the league at once. Lincoln Rotschild, of the American Artists' Congress, emphasized the importance of art as a means of propaganda. Dr. H. W. L. Dana, teacher in the Communist school in Boston, was made a member of the resolutions committee to lead a fight against certain films of which the league disapproved. The league endorsed the World Youth Congress to be held at Vassar. H. F. Reissig, of the North American Committee to Aid Spanish Democracy; Aaron McGill, field secretary of the Y.M.C.A.; and William B. Spofford, of the Church League for Industrial Democracy, were selected to cooperate with the national office of the league. Mrs. Laura Liebman was elected chairman of the trade-union committee; Steve Berquist, Russell Butler, Victor Powerk, and Albert Cohn, vice-presidents of the committee; and Albert E. Edwards, organizer.

"Ambassador Fernando de los Rios, of the Spanish red front government, was one of the headliners at the convention, as was Congressman Jerry O'Connell, Dr. Harry F. Ward, Dr. Reinhold Niebuhr, Earl Browder, Robert Morss Lovett, A. J. Isserman, Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, James Waterman Wise, Joseph P. Lash, Gov. John T. Bernard, Harn Matsui, Max Yergan, Juan Marinello, Ludwig Renn, Y. T. Young, Margaret Forsyth, Roy Wilkins, and Max Bedacht."

* * *

Communists Center Fire on Fr. Coughlin

I have become the target of the attack of this subversive organization because I openly opposed Communism and because, with my friends, we played an important part in stopping the lifting of the Spanish embargo. The League for Peace and Democracy favors Communism and worked incessantly for the lifting of the embargo to help the Communist cause in Spain.

At the present moment their objective is to line up the American youth in the trenches to fight for a continuation of the exploitation carried on by the empires of Great Britain, France and the money changers who manage them behind the scenes.

The Government document observes that:

"The original purpose of the league was to work toward the stopping of munitions made in the United States the manufacture and transport of to foreign countries. This was to be accomplished through the creation of strikes, picketing, and mass demonstrations. The league started out to attempt to abolish the Civilian Conservation Corps camps, to support revolutionists in colonies, and, above all, to 'support the peace policies of the Soviet Union' and for 'total disarmament and universal disarmament' in every country with the exception of Russia, which maintains the largest armed force in the world, and, in addition, supports a widely organized band of propagandists in every country outside of Russia. The league announced that it would 'oppose all attempts to weaken Russia' and that it would fight all 'false propaganda, diplomatic maneuvering, or intervention' when it concerned Russia. It also aims to 'win the armed forces of our country' to the support of such a program."

* * *

Group is Tool of Soviet

It is evident from Government documents that the League for Peace and Democracy is a Soviet tool and is manipulated by the same people who were responsible for murdering, according to Government records, 20,400,000 Christians in Russia. On page 163 of the official document we read:

"In a circular issued by the youth section of the American League Against War and Fascism (west coast section) January, 1935, the youth section talks of everything but 'peace.' It says:

" 'We must follow the example of the Soviet Union. We must overthrow the capitalist system . . . we must set up a government . . . that will be a Soviet Government. We, the youth of America, make our declaration of independence to fight for a Soviet America.

" 'The Party has done a great deal to help build the American League Against War and Fascism . . . Certainly the work of the American League Against War and Fascism must be extended by us beyond halls and press. It must be brought into the shops and the major responsibility for explaining the league and fighting for its growth falls upon the shop papers.

" 'Finally, the roll of the Communist Party as the decisive factor in the struggle against war and Fascism is not sufficiently brought out. The shop papers everywhere must increase their emphasis on this point, making it clear that the only final solution in the fight against war is the overthrow of capitalism and the establishment of a Soviet America.' (P. 32, *Party Organizer*, Vol. VII, No. 3.)

"Nos. 72 and 73, *International Correspondence — Imprecor* — official mouthpiece of Third (Communist) International, states that 'The International Bureau for the Fight Against Imperialist Wars and the Anti-Fascist Bureau,' were 'amalgamated under the common title of International Bureau for the Fight Against Imperialist War and Fascism' in August, 1933."

It is important for the friends of social justice to know these facts. It would also be advantageous for radio stations which accept programs under the sponsorship of the League for Peace and Democracy to recognize that they are working hand in glove with the Communists who are desirous of overthrowing the American form of government and substituting for it the Soviet pattern under the dictatorship of a foreign State.

Only Three More Weeks To Win Your Share OF $16,000.00

LESS than three weeks remain before the Extra Promptness Prize of $50.00 for speedy submission of essays in our great Anti-War Essay Contest will expire. In order to obtain this extra award over and above your big cash prize, your essay, subscription stubs and remittance of $6.00 must be mailed at or before Midnight of Saturday, May 13.

Please bear in mind that this extra $50.00 prize is in addition to the regular prize you win in whatever class you are competing. This additional $50.00 will be awarded to winners of First, Second and Third prizes in all classes who make their submissions at or before Midnight of Saturday, May 13.

Win Two Prizes

If you have already entered the Anti-War Essay Contest and are in line for your share of $16,000.00 in cash prizes, you should also strike for this Promptness Prize as well. You still have three weeks in which to win one of the Grand Prizes of from $500.00 to $1,500.00 and also the Promptness Prize of $50.00. Knock over two birds with one stone, as it were.

Of course, if you have not yet entered the Contest, you really are in a bad way for sure. However, it isn't as if the situation couldn't be remedied.

In order to straighten out your condition and put yourself in the direct path to fortune, all you need do is fill in one of the Official Entry Forms on the fourth page of this Contest section. That will only take a minute and think what the result could be in only a few weeks' time.

A neat stake of $500.00, $700.00, $800.00, $900.00, $1,000.00 or $1,500.00, according to your school grading or your "All-American" status. Now, these are only the Grand Prizes. There are also mighty substantial Second and Third Prizes. Remember, there are 15 cash prizes in each of the nine contest divisions.

You Compete With Equals

Also keep in mind the fact that, regardless of what school grade you are in, you are competing only with pupils of the same grade. If you are in the fifth, sixth or seventh grade, you are in no danger of being beaten by an "upperclassman," because the latter is also competing against his educational equals.

If your school days are over, you line up in the great Anti-War Essay Contest in the "All-American" classification. It requires no high degree of education to romp off with the Grand Prize of $1,500.00 in this division. Anybody can win.

Keep Out Regrets

If you should make the terrible mistake of failing to enter the Contest, you will be filled with regret when it's all over and the prize winners are announced. Of course, the winning essays will be printed in SOCIAL JUSTICE magazine. You're going to read them over and say: "Shucks, I could write a better essay than that." So you could, but it will then be too late. The $16,000.00 in cash prizes will have been awarded to 135 persons who DID enter the contest, and you will be very much out in the cold.

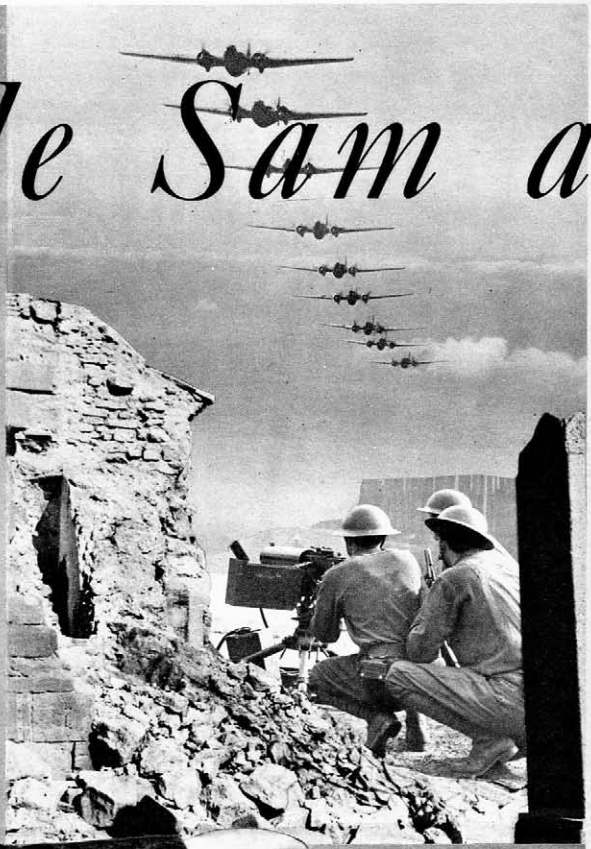
The time to forestall such regrets is right now—today. You can do it very nicely by filling in an Official Entry Form and sending it in. Besides, by so doing and by getting down to your essay, you can qualify for the Extra Promptness Prize of $50.00.

A word to the wise—etc.

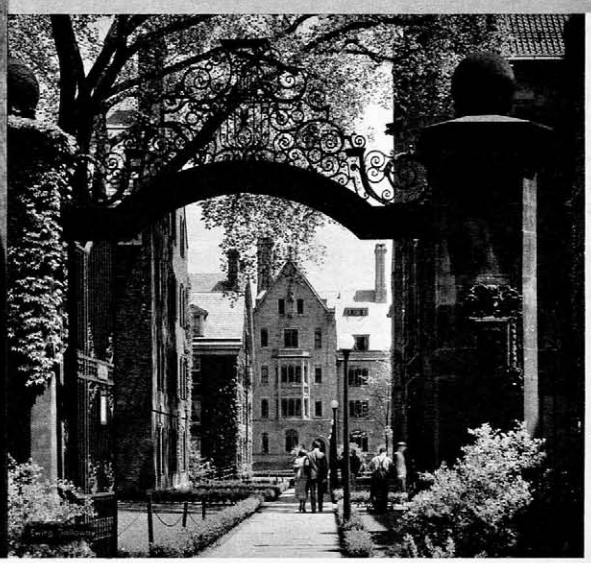
THERE ARE PRIZES FOR EVERYONE

Is Uncle Sam a

Is this our Next Assignment?



You Can Choo



n Easy Mark?

Is the American people a sentient nation or a generation of dupes? Is it willing every twenty years or so to barter the blood of its vigorous youth for a patronizing pat on the back from the greedy imperialists of Britain and France?

Is it such a chronic cheek-turner that the habit has evolved into a quick revolution, exposing the broad American posterior to another rousing kick in the pants?

That's what we always get from Britain and France, my hearties. Paraphrasing Kipling:

"It's Yankee this, an' Yankee that, an' Yankee,
Get out o' the way,
But, it's 'dear old Uncle Sammy' when the
Guns begin to spray."

In 1916 Lord Northcliffe, England's Jewish newspaper magnate, prostituted the soul of America by bribing its press. Flanked by the Baruchs and the Houses, M'Lord was able to draw the United States into the Great War—on the side of the big, whole-souled, altruistic "democracies."

Ah, how sweet were the fruits of our victory! A half-million American boys killed and disabled. Billions in wealth destroyed. German colonies whacked up between France and England. Our President snubbed and derided for his idealism. Billions of our allied loans repudiated as to both principal and interest. Loss of what little respect the English and French ever held for us.

Dear old Uncle Sam—the champion sap of history!

The tom-toms are sounding again. The same group of internationalists once more are spinning the net. But there's a slight difference. Last time we were drawn into war by influences from without. This time we are being *pushed* in by warlike desires within our own nation.

This is perhaps nothing more than a switch of technique. Mighty clever, these internationalists! They figure the American fish might relish a change of bait. Or, using the simile of sheep, perhaps a Judas goat out of the American flock itself could more effectively lead the victims to the slaughterhouse than a steerer from the outside.

The results will be the same.

ose Your Own College Campus

No one denies the value of a college education, particularly in these days when the competition for jobs makes it so necessary to "know more than the other fellow." Thousands of boys and girls are so determined to have a college education that they pay their own, or part of their own way through college, waiting on table or doing odd jobs around peoples' homes. You can win a college education by entering the Anti-War Essay Contest. Even if you don't win the main prize, there are valuable money prizes which will prove a big help toward attaining your educational goal. A few hours of work now may take you to college the easy way.

The High Street entrance to Yale University campus. The winner chooses any college he wishes.

Seniors of Smith College marching through the double ivy chain held by Juniors.

HOW TO PROCEED AS A CONTESTANT

1. Fill out an "Official Entry Form" now. Mail it to Father Charles E. Coughlin, Royal Oak, Michigan. In the lower left hand corner of the envelope write: "Contest Dept." Immediately your entry form is received you will be sent an official subscription receipt book. You need no instructions beyond those contained in this Contest section of today's issue of SOCIAL JUSTICE.

2. Write your essay. You may take your time to do this so long as it arrives in our offices or is postmarked at or before Midnight of Saturday, June 10. But, it will PAY YOU WELL to hurry. There is a Promptness Prize of an extra $50.00 for every winner of a Grand, Second or Third Prize whose essay and subscriptions arrive in our offices or are mailed before Midnight of Saturday, May 13.

3. In order to qualify for the prizes you must obtain two yearly subscriptions ($3.00 per year each) or four half yearly subscriptions ($1.50 each) to SOCIAL JUSTICE magazine. These must also be in or mailed before Midnight of Saturday, May 13 in order to qualify you for the extra $50.00 for speed and promptness. One yearly and two half-yearly subscriptions will qualify you.

4. Study the Official Table of the Contest on this page. Be sure you write on the proper topic, according to your school grade. If you are not a school pupil, be sure your essay is written on the topic allotted to the "All-American" Division. Be sure your essay does not exceed the maximum number of words allotted for your division. If your essay is LESS than the allotted number of words, it will qualify. If it contains MORE words than the allotted number, it will not qualify. The topic of your essay, which you write across the top of the first page, DOES NOT COUNT as words of your essay.

5. At the bottom of the last page of your essay write your name, your address, the name of your school, your grade. If you are in the "All-American" classification, write your name, your address and the words "All-American."

6. Mail your essay and your subscription stubs, which will be sent to you immediately you enter, with remittance in the same envelope. Please do not enclose any other letter concerning other business you might wish to transact with Father Coughlin or SOCIAL JUSTICE magazine. In the lower left corner of the envelope write: "Contest Dept."

7. READ THE RULES CAREFULLY. ENTER TODAY.

$3,750.00 FOR ADULTS

Remember — the "All-American" Division of the great Anti-War Contest is open to all adult Americans and Canadians who are NOT school pupils. This division is conducted altogether distinct and apart from the remainder of the competition. The prizes for adults are the highest in the Contest. Glance over the Official Table.

Anybody can win. It requires no high degree of education to romp off with the Grand Prize of $1,500.00 or any of the other 14 cash awards allotted to the "All-American" Division. The essays will be judged on grammar, spelling, clearness of thought and general development of the allotted subject. Hifalutin language will not count.

Enter now. Do your part to wake America to the dangers of foreign war-mongering. And WIN $1,500.00 in cash. READ THE RULES.

OFFICIAL TABLE of the CONTEST

	"All-American" Division for Adults	12th Grade	11th Grade	10th Grade	9th Grade	8th Grade	7th Grade	6th Grade	5th Grade
GRAND PRIZE	$1,500	$1,000	$800	$700	$600	$500	$500	$500	$500
2nd PRIZE	750	500	400	350	300	250	250	250	250
3rd PRIZE	500	300	250	210	200	150	150	150	150
4th PRIZE	Four prizes $100 each	Four prizes $80 each	Four prizes $60 each	Four prizes $50 each	Four prizes $40 each	Four prizes $30 each	Four prizes $30 each	Four prizes $25 each	Four prizes $25 each
5th PRIZE	Four prizes $80 each	Four prizes $70 each	Four prizes $40 each	Four prizes $30 each	Four prizes $25 each	Four prizes $25 each	Four prizes $25 each	Four prizes $20 each	Four prizes $20 each
6th PRIZE	Four prizes $70 each	Four prizes $50 each	Four prizes $30 each	Four prizes $25 each	Four prizes $20 each	Four prizes $10 each	Four prizes $10 each	Four prizes $10 each	Four prizes $10 each
Length of Essay	1,200 words or less	900 words or less	700 words or less	700 words or less	700 words or less	500 words or less	400 words or less	300 words or less	300 words or less
TOPIC	*"How to Keep America Out of War"*	*"Foreign Entanglements Lead to War"*	*"The Cost of War"*	*"Offensive Wars Settle Nothing"*	*"Offensive War Will Hurt America"*	*"I Don't Want War"*	*"Mothers Don't Want War"*	*"Daddies Shouldn't Have to go to War"*	*"Daddies Shouldn't Have to go to War"*

CONTEST RULES

1. The SOCIAL JUSTICE Anti-War Essay Contest is open to all residents of the United States and Canada except employes of Father Coughlin or SOCIAL JUSTICE magazine, or their immediate families. Persons of all races and religious denominations may compete.
2. The Contest shall open on Monday, April 3 and close at midnight on Saturday, June 10.
3. SOCIAL JUSTICE PUBLISHING CO., INC. will pay 135 cash awards totaling $16,000.00 to pupils of public, private or parochial schools recognized by the Department of Education of any State or Province, and to adult persons, not school pupils, who submit the 135 best essays on topics allotted in the "Official Table of the Contest." This table will appear in every issue of SOCIAL JUSTICE during the life of the Anti-War Essay Contest and is completely official and authoritative as to prizes, topics, length of qualifying essays and classification of contestants.
4. The "Official Entry Form" must be used in entering the Contest. A school pupil must have his or her entry form signed by a teacher of his or her grade, or by the school principal.
5. Submitted essays will be judged by a Board of Contest Judges, of which Father Charles E. Coughlin will be Chairman. Each contestant agrees upon entering the Contest to abide by the decisions of the Board of Contest Judges as being final.
6. Competing school pupils shall be classified in grades from the fifth to the twelfth, inclusively. No pupil shall in any way be in competition with pupils in higher or lower grades.
7. The "All-American" Division of the Contest is open to all adult Americans or Canadians who are not school pupils. No "All-American" contestant shall be, in any way, in competition with school pupils or vice versa.
8. Submitted essays shall be in English and shall be judged on a basis of sentence structure, spelling, grammar, clearness of thought and general development of the subject. They may be typewritten or handwritten by pen or pencil. Neatness or the quality of handwriting will not count in judging. No more than four quotations may be used in an essay. A quotation must not be longer than 20 words. Quotation marks do not count as words.
9. All submitted essays shall become the property of SOCIAL JUSTICE PUBLISHING CO., INC. and shall not be returned to contestants.
10. In order to qualify as a prize-winner, each contestant must send in during the life of the Contest two yearly subscriptions to SOCIAL JUSTICE at $3.00 each, four half-yearly subscriptions at $1.50 each, or one yearly and two half-yearly subscriptions. These qualifying subscriptions may be either new, or renewals from present subscribers. Subscriptions and remittances MUST be sent in the same envelope with essay.
11. SOCIAL JUSTICE PUBLISHING CO., INC. cannot be responsible for essays or remittances arriving late or lost in the mails.
12. A contestant may submit any number of duly qualified essays, but each must be supported by two yearly, four half-yearly or one yearly and two half-yearly subscriptions to SOCIAL JUSTICE magazine. No contestant may win more than one prize.

OFFICIAL ENTRY FORM

Anti-War Essay Contest of SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine

.....1939

Father Charles E. Coughlin
Royal Oak, Michigan

I am today entering your SOCIAL JUSTICE Anti-War Essay Contest and I am sending in this Official Entry Form.

I understand that, in order to qualify for the cash prizes, I must write and submit an essay of proper length and on the topic allotted to my school grade or to the "All-American" division. I also understand that, in order to qualify, I must send in before the contest closes two yearly ($3.00 a year), four half-yearly ($1.50 for 6 mos.) or one yearly and two half-yearly subscriptions to SOCIAL JUSTICE magazine, and otherwise abide by the contest rules.

My Name Is.....

My Address Is.....

Town or City.....State.....

If not a school pupil but classified in "All-American" class, please put "X" here ☐

If a school pupil mark number of your grade here ☐

Name of School.....
Signature of Teacher
or Principal.....

EXTRA PRIZE FOR PROMPTNESS

The Anti-War Contest is perhaps your greatest opportunity to combine educational qualifications with the chance to strike for real fortune in cash. The Contest opens today and will close at Midnight of Saturday, June 10. Within a few weeks thereafter $16,000.00 in cash awards will go to 135 winners.

BUT—

If you are prompt you can win MORE than the prizes shown for your classification in the Official Table of the Contest.

THERE IS AN EXTRA PRIZE OF $50.00 WHICH WILL BE AWARDED TO ALL WINNERS OF GRAND PRIZES, SECOND PRIZES OR THIRD PRIZES WHO SEND IN THEIR ESSAYS AND SUBSCRIPTIONS BEFORE MIDNIGHT OF SATURDAY, MAY 13. THIS EXTRA $50.00 WILL BE AWARDED OVER AND ABOVE THE PRIZES SHOWN IN THE TABLE.

Moral—enter NOW. Get to work on your essay. Line up your subscriptions—and WIN!

Extra Entry Form for Friend or Relative

OFFICIAL ENTRY FORM

Anti-War Essay Contest of SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine

.....1939

Father Charles E. Coughlin
Royal Oak, Michigan

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My Name Is.....

My Address Is.....

Town or City.....State.....

If not a school pupil but classified in "All-American" class, please put "X" here ☐

If a school pupil mark number of your grade here ☐

Name of School.....
Signature of Teacher
or Principal.....

'Stop, Roosevelt!'

Saturday Evening Post Writer Warns That President Is Entangling Us

"THERE IS NO QUESTION before the American people as to whether they prefer democracies to dictatorships. Of course we prefer democracies. There is no question as to whether we dislike totalitarianism, either in Nazi Germany or Bolshevik Russia. Of course we dislike it . . . The real question of the hour, reduced to its simplest terms, is this: *Are the American people willing to stake their President and his political advisers to a seat in the game of European power politics?*

"President Roosevelt has made it clear now that he wants to sit in on this game, and that he will continue to take a hand as long as the American people will provide him with chips . . .

"From all the recent welter of propaganda and emotional agitation, one fact has emerged with fair certainty, and that is that none of the European peoples is anxious to fight a general war at present for any reason whatever. To many observers, this fact makes it still seem possible that the struggle for redivision of the world may be settled at diplomatic gaming tables . . . But since last December an entirely new factor has been injected into the European situation. It wasn't clear for sometime just what that factor was, and what its influence might prove to be. There is still uncertainty about the influence, but the new factor itself is now clear: it is Franklin D. Roosevelt!

Plea for Jews Curtly Spurned

"My first intimation that our President was actually sitting in this game came when I visited Rome early last January, at the time of the Mussolini-Chamberlain conversations," Mr. Bess discloses. "When I arrived in Rome, I discovered that resident American newspaper correspondents were far less interested in the forthcoming visit of the British Prime Minister than in mysterious conversations which had occurred between the American Ambassador in Rome, William Phillips, and Signor Mussolini. Strained relations had developed between the ambassador and the journalists because he had refused to give them any intimation, even in confidence, of the purpose of these conversations.

"The newspapermen then, naturally, got what information they could from Italian sources. They were told that President Roosevelt had suggested to Signor Mussolini that he participate in a scheme for settlement of Jews in Abyssinia. The proposal seemed so fantastic to correspondents in Rome, when Italian officials told them about it, that some refused to believe it. But it was duly reported from Rome, and our ambassador was agitated because it got out.

"He was particularly distressed by the report of the *New York Times* correspondent that Signor Mussolini had 'flatly rejected' the proposal. In Washington, Under-Secretary of State Sumner Welles denied this report, and declared that Signor Mussolini had been 'exceedingly cordial' and 'helpful and co-operative.' An Italian correspondent informed me, with a dry smile, that Signor Mussolini had, in fact, suggested that perhaps Soviet Russia was the logical place for settlement of Europe's surplus Jews. That seems to have been the extent of his 'co-operation.' . . .

"Some of my friends in the United States have written to me in Europe, asking whether I believe that general war will break out during 1939," writes Demaree Bess in the *Saturday Evening Post*. In reply, the writer suggests that they study the polls of public opinion in our own country, "because that is where they are most likely to find the answer to this question.

"It has come down to just about that," continues the *Post* observer. "The citizens of the United States have a large voice in deciding whether there shall be another world war."

Mr. Bess' article in the *Post* for April 8th deserves the widest reading. At the risk of duplicating some 300,000 of the *Post's* circulation, we feel that some of his important thoughts will, with permission, bear repetition here.

—The Editor.

"That incident in Rome was a perfect example of what happens in the game of power politics. In the first place, an effort was made to conceal it, to prevent the American people from learning what was occurring. That is characteristic of the game. In the second place, judging from subsequent events, statements made in Washington about this incident were only partially truthful. In the third place, the actors in the incident were not open with each other; they were trying to fool each other about their real intentions . . . Far from persuading Signor Mussolini to detach himself from the German axis and join the democracies, it served only to impel the Italian dictator into a more open profession of his devotion to Herr Hitler.

Isolation or Foreign Entanglements

"It is the fashion just now to make fun of isolationists, to intimate that they possess inferior intelligence. Some of our political leaders and reformers tell us patronizingly that all 'progressive' Americans realize that we must play a much more aggressive role in European politics as a matter of self-interest . . .

"During 18 years my work has compelled me to pay particular attention to American foreign policy, and I have discussed that policy with hundreds of other Americans who also have specialized in it. I can report with absolute confidence that at least nine out of ten such Americans are isolationists. The more they know about international politics, particularly European politics, the more they favor an extreme isolationist policy for the United States.

"But the alternative to isolationism now is not any system of collective security, since no such system exists. The alternative now is American participation in the game of power politics. And President Roosevelt chose that alternative, took the initial plunge without consulting the American people, and is now seeking to carry the American people with him in his new adventure . . . The chips in this game are human lives, and if our President sits in the game, *the chips which he risks are American lives!*

" . . . Unless the American people really are ready to plunge into European politics up to the limit, and to face the prospect of fighting a world war, I hope they will waste no time in telling their political leaders that they intend to do no such thing."

THE TIGHT-ROPE WALKER

By Staff Artist

The Way the Wind Blows

***By* THE INDICATOR**

SOCIAL JUSTICE, long out in the forefront of the battle against Capitalism, as well as its creature Communism, is happy to be joined, if belatedly, by some eminent company. We have, for instance, not hestitated to say that Mr. Roosevelt's zeal for a foreign war — or at least some "emergency" which would justify drastic dictatorial powers—is due to the necessity of distracting the nation's attention away from a record of New Deal failure. Now, many are saying it.

* * *

The Enemy Is Within!

"The only foreign enemies America has to fear just now," observes the *Chicago Tribune*, "are propagandists who come peaceably here and work upon American opinion with the protection of the national Administration."

* * *

American Legion Ought to Know!

The words of "Fighting Father Mike" (the Rev. Michael J. O'Connor), wartime chaplain of the 101st Infantry of the Yankee (26th) Division, deserve wide circulation. Addressing himself to fellow members of the American Legion, Father O'Connor said:

"Already the signs are fast pointing to the fact that we are going to be in it if something isn't done right away. *Let them know in Washington that the war veterans of the country do not want the United States involved in another war in Europe.*

"I don't know of any organization in the country better fitted to put a stop to the likelihood of getting into European trouble than the American Legion."

After hearing their chaplain's admonition, the Framingham, Mass., Legion Post resolved: "We believe that the American people will never tolerate our involvement in any war to settle Europe's troubles. We tenaciously and stubbornly cling to the Washingtonian policy of minding our own business, tending to our own affairs and letting other nations do likewise."

* * *

Rockwell Kent Banned in Pittsburgh

According to a United Press dispatch from Pittsburgh, Rockwell Kent, American painter, was barred from speaking in a Carnegie Institute auditorium because his sponsors had been listed as a "Communist-front" organization by the Dies Congressional Committee.

In Pittsburgh to address the League for Peace and Democracy, Mr. Kent was forced to transfer the meeting to Webster Hall when Roy D. Ambrose, manager of the institute's building, refused to permit the meeting in an institute auditorium.

Wallace Finds New Alibi for Farm Failure

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Secretary of Agriculture Henry A. Wallace has a new alibi for the failure of his farm program. He accuses the "dictator nations" of preventing success of the trade pact by which he had hoped to reduce America's "surplus" agricultural products.

He told the Senate appropriations sub-committee last week "the actions of dictators have kept the trade pact from meeting full success. The reciprocal trade program has not brought back to the farmers of the United States more than a small portion of their lost markets for wheat, and due to world conditions apparently cannot do so in the near future."

The sub-committee is considering demands of a Senate farm bloc to appropriate an additional $400-million to supplement the amount already approved by the House.

Notwithstanding the fact that one-third of the nation's population has insufficient purchasing power to obtain adequate food, clothing and other needs, Wallace laments the so-called "surpluses." He told the sub-committee the United States is faced with a surplus-crisis in the export crops, wheat and cotton, and in domestically-consumed products such as "dairy products, pork, poultry and eggs, fruits and vegetables."

The millions of hungry, ill-clothed unemployed and their families probably find it difficult to agree with Mr. Wallace in his assertion that America's problem is one of overproduction.

Instead of concentrating upon a plan for distribution of the alleged "surpluses" to the country's needy by providing them with purchasing power, Wallace reiterated before the sub-committee his faith in crop control and subsidy payments to farmers.

He declared Government subsidization of wheat and cotton exports is necessary as a means of retaining foreign trade until an international marketing agreement can be arranged.

Borah Blames Both: Visions 'Imperialism' Underlying Next War

SENATOR WILLIAM E. BORAH

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Any war that eventuates in Europe at this time will not involve the principles of democracy or dictatorship, according to Senator William E. Borah. Rather, it will be "a sordid, imperialistic war," he says.

Senator Borah, member of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, assailed both the democracies of Europe and the dictatorships as treaty-breakers. He long has stood for an American steer-clear policy in any conflict abroad.

The Borah viewpoint is not reflected by the New Deal administration, however. Senator Alben W. Barkley contends that the pressing economic problems of the so-called democracies, accentuated by criticisms delivered by the dictator states, demanded that the democracies find a solution. In other words, he implies that the democracies must war against the dictators.

Congress Heeds Danger Of War Talk; Rallies in 'Stop Roosevelt' Action

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Congress rallied in a "Stop Roosevelt" drive last week as fear grew that the President's inflammatory utterances and hostile policies were leading the nation into war.

The war policies of Mr. Roosevelt, considered merely in their political aspects heretofore, sent a tremor of alarm through the Senate as full signficance of his now celebrated remark: "I'll be back in the fall if we don't have a war," sank into the understanding of both Senators and Representatives.

Senator Walter F. George of Georgia, one of the unpurged purgees in last fall's Roosevelt election fiasco, took to the Senate floor as he shouted, "The issue of peace or war lies right here in this chamber and the chamber at the other end of the Capitol. It ought to be made abundantly clear that we will not carry this country into war."

As cheers broke from the galleries, Senator George continued, condemning suggestions that the President be given the authority to name the aggressor in any potential conflict abroad. Such authority, he said, would be accompanied "within six months" by the resounding of marching feet of American boys on the streets of American cities.

Senator George added that the President's "if we don't have a war" declaration had excited and disturbed many Americans.

Asks Cabinet Men To Shoulder Guns

Depth of the feeling against war was reflected on the floor of the House simultaneously. Representative Frank C. Osmers, Jr., of New Jersey injected a bit of grim humor into the legislative day as he introduced a bill making the President field commander of the nation's armies, in the event of war, and providing for mandatory military service under the first draft for all cabinet officers, members of Congress who voted for war, and directors of munitions corporations.

The "Stop Roosevelt" fight was carried forward in the Senate by Michigan's Senator Arthur Vandenberg, who stated that the British foreign secretary, Lord Halifax, has said that the Stop Hitler program furthered by Great Britain has the support of the United States.

"I want to say," Vandenberg told members of the Senate, "at least for myself, that any such judgment or any such resolution on the part of the United States will have to come from a majority of the 531 members of Congress before it will have the slightest validity whatsoever.

Roosevelt Sees Four War Choices

"The American people know their courage and their strength. They have given proof of both, and there isn't much doubt in the world about either. And they don't want to be played upon or incited or propagandized."

Meanwhile as diplomatic attaches undertook a cold analysis of just what Roosevelt is trying to do, they became convinced that he visions an American policy of foreign economic relations more aggressive than that followed in the 1914 tragedy—into which we were shoved—in the event that the looked-for war becomes a reality.

Observers report that the President visions four possibilities in the present crisis growing out of European unrest. First, this nation could follow a policy of strict isolation. Secondly, we could reduce our standard of living so that American goods could meet the competition of foreign produce at its own level. Thirdly, we could resort to export subsidies, and fourthly, *we could enter the war.* The President carefully refrains from any mention of this latter possibility, although anyone who doubts that he visions it as a distinct possibility doesn't know Mr. Roosevelt.

Says Social Ills Are Concern of Catholic Priests

PHILADELPHIA, PA.—The right and duty of Catholic priests to concern themselves with economic and social problems was emphasized last fortnight by the Rev. Louis G. Weitzman of John Carroll University, Cleveland.

Speaking at the Catholic Conference on Industrial Problems, Father Weitzman said, "Pope Leo XIII insisted that you can't be a genuine loyal Catholic if you maintain that economics is distinct from religion and morality. Some say: 'Let the priest stick to the gospel; let him teach the Catholic doctrine.'

"But the teachings of social and economic questions are just as important as the teaching of the other fundamentals of the Catholic Church. Thus it is a doctrine of the Church that workers have a right to organize."

Father Weitzman attacked the practice of extreme "rugged individualism" which recognizes no bounds of ownership and which tends to exploit workers.

"The idea that the right to own is unlimited is just as counter to the teaching of the Church as the opposite extreme, Socialism and Communism," he said. "Catholic teaching demands that the right of private property be limited by considerations of the common good."

Federal Power-Grabbing Is Deplored by Senator Gerry

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Sovereignty of state and local Governments is being jeopardized by the ever-increasing concentration of power in the Federal Government, Senator Peter G. Gerry of Rhode Island warned last week in a radio address over a national hook-up.

He said Federal money grants to states have become so commonplace that the old policy of having states match Federal contributions with equal amounts of their own is being scrapped. Eventually, this will result in a complete Federal domination over purely local affairs, he said.

The system breeds extravagance and places an unjust burden on taxpayers, he pointed out.

Tracing the tremendous expenditures of the national Government for aid to states, he said that in 1930 Federal grants totaled $37-million but by 1936 they had risen to $334-million.

"There is no more reason for the people of Rhode Island paying for the education system of the people of Florida than there is for that state paying the costs of the fire departments throughout the state of California," he said.

The present Federal education bill, he declared, provides for a program which will cost $75-million the first year, and $208-million in the sixth year. The national health bill sets a still higher figure. Original outlay will be $80-million annually and will increase to $285-million.

Gerry raised the question whether a Government which cannot meet its own expenses could afford such huge expenditures.

"It is all very well," he said, "to say that we should be an $80-billion country, but we must be realistic. The fact remains that we are not such a country now. Assuming that all the services offered by new proposals are good and desirable, we must know where the money is coming from to pay for them."

Ford Snubs U. A. W. Reds

DETROIT, MICH.—An indication of what success the Communist-dominated United Automobile Workers Union (C.I.O.) will have in its campaign to organize the Ford Motor Company was seen last week in the terse statement of Harry Bennett, Ford personnel director.

Bennett was informed that R. J. Thomas, U.A.W.'s newly elected president, had written the Ford Company and requested a bargaining conference.

"There won't be any conference," Bennett said. "We had a conference with Homer Martin and you saw what happened to him."

Martin was deposed from the presidency of the U.A.W. after the union executive board charged he had conspired with Bennett to "sell out" to the company. Subsequently Martin formed an independent rival union which is competing with the C.I.O. organization for collective bargaining recognition in the automobile industry.

Roosevelt Promises War for Nation

Europe's Policemen Are Smart

—Pittsburgh Post-Gazette

Plays 'Most Dangerous Game' Under Spell of Baruch, Other War-Makers

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Franklin D. Roosevelt, leader of the merry madcap Roosevelt clan, is off on the world's most dangerous game—war-making.

By now there is no doubt about this. The last lingering doubt was done to death by "old F. D." himself when he left Warm Springs, Georgia and practically promised the nation he'd find a suitable war for it to try its teeth on—its new teeth, purchased on the advice of Barney Baruch.

It's too bad—peace was so darn nice in this country, too. Of course, the peace was of a fleeting variety that ducked into a closet every time John L. Lewis shook his mane, or frog-faced Harold Ickes opened his mouth, but it was an enduring peace on the whole.

And now the nation is to be thrown into Europe's alley fight, perhaps to have its teeth kicked out or its face slit to pieces.

Roosevelt has become bolder with every fireside chat. He tested the national reaction two years ago in Chicago when he belched out some strong words about "quarantining the aggressors." Then he followed with successive blasts against Germany and Italy, and this year he opened the Roosevelt morality lecture series in January by telling Congress it might as well get ready to declare war, because it had one coming.

Later Roosevelt emitted some more war-panic against Germany—whose aggression to-date has come about as close to the United States as the "Men from Mars"—and then he linked this nation to France in a working military alliance.

This deal warmed him up a bit and he cooled off by tossing a few smell bombs at the press. He was not off the track for long, however. He lashed through his war program, and then when Congress appeared dutifully submissive, he got off that prize crack about being back to Georgia in the fall *"if we don't have a war."*

Jimmy Takes Heed Of War Talk

That was the most disgusting drool of all to a peace-loving nation which learned to its deep chagrin it had been jobbed in the last war by a man only slightly less cold-blooded about the whole proposition than old F.D.R.

James Roosevelt, another of the merry madcaps now in London "on business"—either his father's or Sam Goldwyn's, no one knows which—took it upon himself to deny that the old man was having a little fun, war-making. "I am aware there is much talk that my father is leading the nation to war, but people lose sight of the fact the President cannot declare war. Only Congress can take the step that puts us into a conflict," young Jim said.

Either son James is a chump who still believes that "any American boy can be President," and believes that the old man got to the top that way, or else he has some of the old man's cleverness in him and would dupe the people into believing that Congress actually *does* take the step that puts the nation into war.

Memory of Last War Still Lingers

It is the incessant hammering, pounding, insulting, baiting, challenging of other nations that throws any nation into war. It is the duplicity, deceit, double-dealing, treaty-making, alliance-forming carried on by the Chief Executive, be he a Hitler, a Chamberlain, or a Roosevelt, that festers the sore to the point where war *must* be declared, and it is exactly this set of conditions that Roosevelt, Sr. has sought unceasingly to fulfill.

Hopefully, America today shows little inclination to suck up the propaganda so freely spread by her illustrious Chief Executive. All remember the shameful set of affairs in the last war, and perhaps this enlightened public intelligence can dilute Roosevelt's war poison.

But the grave danger is that when the drums roll and the flags are paraded again; when the horror stories are repeated often enough to be believed, then the people will fall for the Roosevelt blood cry, and gangling recruits will kiss their sweethearts; march away believing that Providence requires them to be shot to pieces to stop Hitler, or stop somebody else, in the name of democracy.

"It is an abortive means to an end—a hit-or-miss program without precedent and consequently without thorough planning in advance," says the son.

Elliott, who has been frankly critical of the old man in his Texas radio talks, should take a trip down to Washington and see if he and the old man can't get together around the icebox and settle the thing.

Order Bomb Shelters As Roosevelt's War Scare Fools Citizens

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The man on the propaganda street is convinced the United States is going to get into a war, even if high officials of the United States Army are not!

That's how far the get-ready-for-war talk by Mr. Roosevelt, Senator Pittman, and the rest of the tom-tom crowd has sunk into the public consciousness.

Although the Army has poohpoohed the immediacy of war—with allowances for Mr. Roosevelt's peculiar nature, of course—applications for information on the construction of air raid shelters are being received here!

How an aerial invasion across 3,000 miles of ocean could be accomplished has stumped the best brains of the Army. Mr. Roosevelt's listeners have not been stumped, however. In their minds such an invasion is not only possible, it's highly probable. Accordingly they have petitioned the Army for instructions for bombproof shelters and protection from gas barrages.

First applications filtered in after the September Czecho-Slovakian crisis. A few scattered ones landed in afterward, and in the seizure of Bohemia and Moravia, when the United States clapped a prohibitive duty on German imports, the deluge began.

Reds Claim Right to Teach Revolution to New Yorkers

NEW YORK, N. Y.—It's against the Bill of Rights to prohibit the teaching of Communism, and doggonit, the Public Education Association of this Empire State is going to do something about it!

The "anti-Red bills" introduced in the legislature at Albany by Assemblyman John A. Dewey and Senator John J. McNaboe drew the fire of the P.E.A. The bills seek to bar from public positions, persons who advocate the violent overthrow of the United States Government.

"These bills," the P.E.A. bulletin states, "would bar from the civil service—with particular mention of teaching positions in the schools and colleges—*not only those who advocate the overthrow of the Government by force, but those who display or circulate material advocating the overthrow of Government by force.*"

Now that's really too bad. Think of the restriction and hardship this would impose on the Communist teachers in New York, city and state! Accustomed as they have been to spreading the lessons of Leninism in history, political science and economics classes, these teachers would find obstacles in the way of their march down the road to revolution.

"How any intelligent or realistic study of history, comparative government, economics or current events could be carried on in our schools and colleges under such restrictions on source material is beyond our comprehension," the bulletin continues.

The "realistic" P.E.A. would find it difficult to take someone's word for the hopelessness of Sovietism in Russia—or in the United States—they demand that they be able to lay the real stuff, direct from Moscow or the *Daily Worker* office, before the students of high schools and colleges. These students, in their formative years, might not be much impressed with a book such as *Assignment in Utopia* by Eugene Lyons. They must have the red, ripe propaganda of the Communist International to be "realistic."

OF MUSE & MEN

FIVE BUCKS PER VOTE IN CHICAGO

FIVE DOLLARS PER VOTE was the price paid for favorable ballots in the Chicago primary this year. Someone asks, "How can the machine candidate be sure that those who are paid actually do vote for him?"

The answer is he can't. He has to rely on the "honesty" of those who sell their votes. Only a "dishonest" person would accept money for his ballot, and then snitch on the candidate buying the election.

* * *

ELLIOTT SPEAKS ABOUT PA'S PUMPING PROGRAM

WHAT DOES ELLIOTT ROOSEVELT, one of Pa Roosevelt's boys who happens to be in business, think about pump-priming as a means to recovery?

'Aggressor' Doctrine Is First Step Towards War

By **HON. WILLIAM E. BORAH**
Senator from Idaho

IT HAS BEEN PROPOSED, and is now being adroitly urged, that we engraft upon our foreign policy the doctrine of "the aggressor." The theory is that in case of war between two or more nations, the United States will determine who, among the powers thus engaged, is the aggressor; that is, who has violated a treaty or in other ways initiated the conflict.

The next step in the program is for this nation to open up an economic war upon the aggressor nation. We thereby seek to break down its economic strength, to starve its people, and to render it incapable of carrying on war. We take part at once in this economic war.

In view of the fact that practically all modern wars arise out of controversies in regard to trade and commerce and raw materials and territory, we find ourselves involved in what might be called the very heart of the controversy. All this, however, is in the name of peace, and for the alleged purpose of keeping us out of European wars. The fact is that whatever may be the claim, it is the most subtle and effective method yet conceived for bringing us into all European controversies of any moment.

We, as a nation, are not supposed to wait until an attack is made upon us or until the rights of our citizens have been disregarded, or our country invaded. We are to go out and take part in a controversy wholly between other nations. We are to act as a moral censor, declaring who is in the wrong, and to proceed in one of the most effective ways known to war to punish the one whom we have adjudged to be in the wrong.

In an article published in the *Foreign Affairs Magazine* for April, 1933, John Bassett Moore, the distinguished authority upon international law and foreign affairs, had the following to say about the aggressor and what it means:

"Had the principle of preventing aggression been applied, one cannot say what might have been the results to the United States. Our War of Independence was generally regarded in Europe as an act of rebellion against lawful authority. In the War of 1812 we appeared as aggressive assertors of the freedom of the seas. General Grant pronounced our war with Mexico of 1846 an act of unjust aggression. The Government of the United States dealt with secession as an act of rebellion. In April, 1898, the diplomatic representatives of six great European powers assembled at the White House and in behalf of their governments made what was called "a pressing appeal to the feelings of humanity and moderation of the President and of the American people in their existing differences with Spain." They evidently did not regard Spain as the aggressor. President McKinley in his reply expressed the confident expectation that the remonstrating powers would appreciate our offer "to fulfil the duty of humanity by ending a situation, the indefinite prolongation of which had become insufferable." Had they, when we forcibly intervened, declared an embargo upon the shipment of arms and ammunition to the United States, while continuing to supply Spain with the implements of war, we should have resented in appropriate ways their partisan action.

"Should we attempt to apply retrospectively the principle of staying or punishing the aggressor we should be obliged to determine the question whether the forcible creation of that great agency of law and civilization, the Roman Empire, or the forcible progress of any other great historic movement, should not have been prevented; whether the formation of the British Empire of the extension of France and her colonial empire should not have been opposed; whether the establishment of the Russian Empire should not have been resisted; whether the world should not have prevented the United States from becoming what it is; also, whether the forcible association in earlier times of the vast aggregation of states now known as China did not result from a neglect by other states of their duties and, perchance, their opportunities.

"The opposite of self-defense is aggression. We have been told that the limits of self-defense "have been clearly defined by countless precedents." Students of this subject have remarked that it would be "interesting to know" what these "countless precedents" are, but their curiosity has not been gratified. It will not be. The attempt to define self-defense, that its future application would be clear and practically automatic, is just as futile as the attempt similarly to define aggression has been—and must continue to be."

New Frontiers Are Not Geographical

By **HON. MARTIN F. SMITH**
Representative from Washington

WE FREQUENTLY deplore the passing of the old frontiers and assert that on that account the period of expansion in our country is past. We lament the fact that we have no more geographical frontiers to exploit and no more wilderness to explore and develop, and consequently assume an attitude of defeatism and despair. The fact, as pointed out in technological trends by eminent national authorities, is that science and research are presenting limitless new frontiers for the production of increased wealth, material progress, and industrial and social development which far surpass the opportunities which were offered by the vanished frontiers of bygone days. The scientists with their test tubes are bringing out of the laboratories new products and new improved processes which are tending to alter and vastly enhance the entire status of society. The achievements of industrial chemistry and metallurgical research are transforming life itself by continuously making available to mankind benefits, comforts, and conveniences which were not even dreamed of a few decades ago.

These new frontiers of science are still in their inception and present untold possibilities for infinite advancement and boundless exploration. Indeed, the amazing progress of recent years is but a meager beginning of the developments which are uncircumscribed. The editors of *Chemical and Metallurgical Engineering* point out that the chemical industry more than any other is converting luxuries into articles of common necessity at prices within the purse of everybody. I quote:

"New industries which are constantly being created and developed through advances in science, invention, and technology, offer important new opportunities for employment. Fifteen of the major industries of today have been developed since 1879 and it has been estimated that these 15 industries have created, directly or indirectly, 15-million new jobs. * * * Research is, therefore, our most promising source of future jobs—as well as profits. From the laboratories come the new products, new uses, and improved processes that make better goods available at constantly lower prices."

The all-important question logically suggests itself: How can we finance the stupendous cost of applying and taking advantage of these numerous discoveries of science and invention? How are we going to defray the huge expense of modernizing our present social and industrial structure and thereby bring about the enormous employment of labor required to convert the plans, blueprints, specifications, models, formulas and chemical compounds into serviceable realities and products for the use, benefit, and enjoyment of our citizenry? Fortunately we are in a position to finance successfully all the essential and multitudinous activities of the most progressive construction and development program which could be conceived.

Gold is piled high in the Treasury of the United States—over 15-billions of dollars worth—nearly two-thirds of the world's commercial supply. The precious metal serves as the base for currency and credit. In 1929 the country held $3,900,000,000 in gold, and based thereon were $58,474,000,000 in bank loans and investments. In other words, about $15 in credit was based on each $1 in gold, a ratio which had prevailed for many years. The action to reduce the total content of the dollar and gold stocks that had totaled $4-billions, by Government edict became $6,800,000,000. Since then nearly $8-billion more of gold has flown into the Treasury of the United States from the four corners of the earth. However, the volume of credit has substantially decreased. Today over $14½-billions of gold support but $48,304,000,000 in loans and investments and the ratio that has been normally 15 to 1 between gold and credit is less than 3½ to 1. If loans were to get back to the 15 to 1 ratio, loans that today are $48-billions could increase to $210-billions—nearly four times the 1929 total, so we possess the largest potential supply of credit that this or any other nation has ever seen in the history of mankind.

We possess the raw materials and the natural resources, we have the inventive genius and manpower and also the money and supply of credit to here in America create and enjoy the greatest era of peace, prosperity, and happiness in the history of the human race. Do we lack the intelligence? I refuse to believe that we do and in future presentations I shall further develop my theme and discuss the wonderful future of America.

Agency Rentals Cost Too Much

By **HON. EVERETT M. DIRKSEN**
Representative from Illinois

THE THING WE NEED to do is to get rid of some of those hifalutin', worthless agencies that are occupying rented space in Washington.

Now, what are some of these egencies that we could just as well evaporate or just as well get rid of and save a few dollars for the taxpayers as we go along; some of these agencies that are feeding off of the vitals of the Republic and sapping the strength of our taxpayers and destroying their independence?

Let me say to you that the average rental that is paid is 95 cents a square foot, but let me read to you some of these hifalutin' agencies and the amount they pay for their space:

National Defense Power Committee, 7,990 square feet, $19,974.96, or $2.50 a square foot.

Central Statistical Board, 6,700 square feet, $10,084.44 or $1.50 per square foot.

Federal Housing Administration, 18,000 square feet at $17,000, and 100,000 square feet at $155,000, and 48,000 square feet at $74,000.

National Emergency Council, that council that came in here a year ago with a statement to the public that they had to have more money in an election year, 16,500 square feet at $28,800, or $1.70 a square foot.

National Labor Relations Board, 29,790 square feet at $74,475, or $2.50 a square foot.

T.V.A., 2,800 square feet at $6,300, or upward of $2.00 a square foot.

About three-fourths of these institutions which I have read and referred to and which actually pay the bulk of the high-priced rent that is paid by this Government out of the 3,600,000 square feet of rented space, should be abolished immediately and we should get rid of that cancer on the Government of the United States.

Why Make Debts To Buy Foreign Gold?

By **HON. TOM CONNALLY**
Senator from Texas

IS IT NOT TRUE that whenever we buy gold—and we are buying all the gold that is tendered, as I understand, and have been for some time—every time we buy gold we have to pay for it in dollars? In order to get those dollars, the Treasury has been issuing bonds, and we are paying interest on those bonds in order to get the money with which to buy the gold and take it out in the country and bury it. Would it not have been entirely sound, instead of issuing bonds, to have issued money, because for every dollar we have spent for gold we get a dollar's worth of gold in exchange? We could double the value of the currency now outstanding, and yet have more than a hundred per cent of gold in the vaults and pay for every dollar of outstanding paper money and do away with the payment of interest on $4- or $5-billion dollars.

Investments Not a Federal Business

By **HON. HARRY F. BYRD**
Senator from Virginia

THE INTEREST on the public debt has increased from $610-million in 1931 to $1,050,000,000 for 1940, and this notwithstanding the lower interest rates made possible by existing business conditions. There is no certainty of continued low interest rates when bonds becoming due will have to be refinanced.

Today for every dollar obtained in taxation 20 cents is dedicated directly to the payment of interest. If the Budget were balanced now and the sum of $500-million paid each year on the Federal debt, it would take 56 continuous years to reduce the debt to where it was 8 years ago.

We are told in the President's budget message that the increase in the public debt, amounting to more than $28-billion, represents in the main, investments, and should be regarded as such. Of this deficit, $16,231,000,000 was spent for unemployment relief, and this is certainly not a recoverable item. It is true that $4,013,000,000 was spent for Federal public works, but a Federal building is not an asset in the ordinary business sense. In most instances the cost of maintenance and operation exceeds the rent paid before these buildings were constructed.

The effort to have two Federal budgets in order to justify deficit spending will not be convincing, as all must know that a government is not to be compared to a business corporation or private enterprise. The Government is not in business for profit; an investment in lands, buildings, or public works is not an asset which can be realized upon, but, in fact, places a new burden on the Government for maintenance and operation.

New Deal Senator Urges Arms Sales To Fighters

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Already reconciled to the fact that no definite action can be effected on neutrality before May 1, administration Congressmen, under the leadership of Senator Key Pittman, are working for enactment of a cash-and-carry, pro-England and pro-France foreign policy before adjourning for the summer.

Hope for anything more definite was abandoned when the most influential members on the 23-man Senate committee to map foreign policy, announced their intention to fight to the end the "aggressor" policy of imposing trade discriminations against the so-called "aggressor" nations.

Senator Pittman, leader of the fight against neutrality, insists upon the cash-and-carry plan, which means that America wants to profiteer by selling armaments and supplies to the warring nations, but does not want to ally itself militarily with them. Pupils of the Pittman school follow the Baruchian theory that the best way to keep out of a foreign war is to sell munitions and supplies to the participants. Proponents of this policy believe that being partial is not as bad as being neutral when your friends need help.

Neutrality in its real sense of "taking the part of neither side in a war," is not, unfortunately, under serious consideration. The Pittman plan provides for taking the part of either side which has the money and the ships to come after supplies. It is not neutral; it will not keep America out of a war. Instead it places us, at the beginning of a war, on the side of the strong nations—which happen to be England and France.

* * *

Like a world war percolating all over again, the testimony before the Senate committee recently points clearly to the results of a cash-and-carry program of neutrality.

"I ask you," said Senator Hiram Johnson of California, a leading proponent of genuine neutrality, to "aggressor"-minded Henry L. Stimson during the hearings, "would you consider that we should take part and join with Great Britain, France and Russia in protecting them?"

"Not unless the situation became dangerous enough to indicate that we would be the next victim," replied Stimson. "Then I would take part mighty quick. *I would take part before they were beaten.*" That is exactly what happened last time. America sold arms and munitions to England and France, and then sent four million soldiers abroad to win their war *before they were beaten*—the typical denouement to a cash-and-carry neutrality.

* * *

Our experiences with anything but a genuine neutrality of our own, have proven unhappy ones.

After the World War, the nations in an effort to avoid future world conflict, thought up the League of Nations as a road to peace by collective action, but found that instead of preventing war situations, it created them. Then came the Kellogg-Briand Pact, followed later by the Nine-Power pact, neither of which has prevented the impending war. All these efforts prove even more clearly that group action is not the safest road to peace.

The only way for a nation to have peace for itself is to reach it by itself. If we want peace, we must achieve it by ourselves. It is of no use for us to try to organize collective pacts. It is of no use for us to word our neutrality acts so as to aid the nations with which we might be on friendly terms.

There is only one way to peace and that is the sort of neutrality which insists upon staying out of the fight no matter what foreigners may shout in their efforts to bait our support.

Bund Report Shows Nazis Behind Reds In U.S. Membership

WASHINGTON, D. C.—With the release of the fourteen volume bund report by Attorney-General Frank Murphy, the Nazis take their place along with the Reds as proponents of official un-Americanism.

The bund was found by Federal investigators to number 6,617 members, although Fritz Kuhn, its national leader, claimed a total of 8,299, with units in 50 cities. This would leave them far behind their Communist opponents whom Earl Browder would estimate today at a minimum of 80,000 in number.

Included in the 11-point program of the bund's constitution is the requirement for members "above all to uphold and defend the Constitution and the laws of the United States . . ." One of the bund's principal objectives, said the Department of Justice report, was to foster "Germanism and German ideals" in this country.

EYES and EARS OVER WASHINGTON

By Mark Meecham

Two Reports On T.V.A. Management

So THE JOINT COMMITTEE investigating T.V.A. took the $75,000, spent it, and turned over to Congress as contradictory a report as ever emerged from a single investigation.

When Dr. Arthur E. Morgan, former Tennessee Valley Authority chairman, made his charges of "mismanagement, waste, fraud and dishonesty," against the T.V.A. last spring, President Roosevelt dismissed him and Congress voted to investigate the charges.

What the nine-man committee "found" is difficult to learn from its recently published report. The "findings" read more like a political debate than the factual results of an impartial investigation.

* * *

For example, the signers of the majority report found, after nine months' investigation, that the rates for T.V.A. power "provide a legitimate, honest yardstick" for comparison with the rates charged by private utilities. The minority found upon an equally thorough investigation of the same duration, that the T.V.A. yardstick is "not only meaningless, but worse, is misleading, deceptive, unfair and dishonest as a measure of the fairness of the rates of privately-owned utilities not enjoying the subsidies and advantages of which T.V.A. may avail itself."

The Democratic investigators concluded, as a result of the $75,000 investigation, that the charges of dishonesty, preferred by Dr. Morgan were "without foundation, and not supported by the evidence." The Republicans on the other hand, decided that their investigations only proved the need for subjecting the T.V.A. to a "sweeping reorganization."

The same investigation which impelled the majority to conclude that T.V.A.'s "personnel is able, honest and efficient," that its acquisition of land "has been efficiently and honestly managed," and that the criticism directed at T.V.A. spending by the office of the controller general has been largely "baseless," convinced the minority that T.V.A. is guilty of "waste and inefficiency" and has been "arbitrary, dictatorial and unbusinesslike."

* * *

Now it may be that the T.V.A. management is honest—or perhaps it is not. It may be efficient, or it may be inefficient and unbusinesslike.

But it cannot simultaneously—at one and the same time, be both efficient and inefficient—both wasteful and economical, honest and dishonest, simply because two political parties have representation on the investigating committee.

An impartial investigation of the facts would probably reveal that T.V.A. is not nearly as mismanaged and dishonest as the Republicans claim, nor nearly as able and efficient as the Democrats "find."

What created greater public interest than the T.V.A. report itself in this instance, has been the politico-mindedness of our Congressional investigators. Perhaps it might be well, before wasting any more money on partisan Congressional investigations like that of T.V.A., to do a little investigating of the investigators. It might help to explain the discrepancies in Congressional "findings."

Congressmen who "found" the T.V.A. management to be completely honest and efficient included: Senators Donahey of Ohio, investigation committee chairman; Mead of New York, Schwartz of Wyoming, Frazier of North Dakota, Representatives Thomason of Texas, and Barden of North Carolina. Those who "found" it inefficient and wasteful were Representatives Jenkins of Ohio, Wolverton of New Jersey, and Senator Davis of Pennsylvania.

* * *

Only Americans Assured Freedom of Speech

CONGRESS has indicated its desire to curb subversive aliens by acting on two important bills recently. The Dempsey bill to deport aliens advocating and promoting a change in our form of Government, and the Hobbs bill to place in detention camps all deportable aliens whose native lands refuse to accept them, were both aimed at alien proponents of the "isms."

But almost at once Congress was confronted with the question of "constitutional rights." Just how far could it go without infringing upon them? Various un-American organizations have already raised the issue of "free speech," with its attendant argument that to talk as one pleases is a different matter from acting as he pleases.

However, opinions which may not amount to much of themselves, become an important matter when people begin acting on them.

* * *

It might not hurt the un-American proponents to remember that the United States constitutional right of free speech is not guaranteed to people of all nations. American constitutional rights only belong to those who respect the United States constitution as their constitution, and the United States flag as their flag.

We shall not "make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of *citizens of the United States*," says the Constitution.

No founding father ever intended that the inalienable rights of American citizens should be extended freely to anybody who might want to misuse them. These rights are what makes United States citizenship the valuable prize that it is. Aliens who want the rights and guarantees of the American Constitution can get them by becoming citizens of the United States and respecters of its Constitution.

But for dissatisfied aliens to demand the same "rights" as United States citizens who have spent their lives performing the duties of citizens, supporting their Government and respecting its laws, is a philosophy that is definitely, not American born.

* * *

Aliens are not obliged to come to America by the thousands every week. If they come, they do so on our terms, not theirs. Congress is elected and supported by citizens of the United States to protect their rights and their Government. Its duty is to legislate accordingly. When that protection involves restricting the activities of deportable aliens, Congress is still obligated to effect it.

It is conceivable that there may come a time when a change in our Constitution or form of Government might possibly be desirable. Should that day come, however, we do not need alien agitators to advance the alterations. There are more than 125-million Americans in this country, any one of whom might more patriotically suggest the change than the refugees to whom we give haven. That is a fact which many so-called "American" organizations would do well to consider.

If the League for Peace and Democracy and other complaining organizations of its ilk numbered a few more United States citizens in their memberships, they might feel a bit less hostile to legislation passed in the interest of Americans.

Army, Navy Hurry War Preparations

WASHINGTON, D. C.—There are legal methods for jumping the gun, and the War and Navy Departments have discovered them, with the result that they can now save months of time in their construction program for defense. Both departments have learned that it is perfectly legal to begin bidding on contracts just as soon as Congress has authorized the appropriations, instead of waiting until the appropriation bills are enacted.

This can mean a saving of from four to six months in speeding the construction. For example, the purchase of 565 new fighting planes was authorized in the National Defense Bill signed by President Roosevelt on April 3. Yet the funds to pay for these planes were not appropriated simultaneously, and Congress, busy with other affairs, might have delayed the appropriation bill for several months.

The Army and Navy lost no time in making use of their new corner-cutting policies, but you can hardly blame them. With the Messrs. Roosevelt, Baruch and Pittman promoting a national war mindedness, the least the Army and Navy can do is to hurry up and get ready for the battle.

They Have Everything

TO THE EDITOR:

Don't you think that we Americans —after consideration of past favors rendered to France, England and Russia in 1918—should paint these nations in the bright color that seems to befit them?

The combined population of England, France and Russia is about 340-million, not counting their huge colonial reservoirs of manpower.

The combined population of their future enemies—Germany and Italy —is only about 140-million people, with no colonial strength.

Does it not seem to you that the so-called "democracies" of England, France and Russia, with more than twice the population, should be able to fight their own battles?

The French war veterans scream to high heaven that Italian soldiers are cowards. It seems to me that the democries, with more than twice the population of Germany and Italy, with nine-tenths of the world's gold "at their disposal," with unlimited quantities of oil, steel, coal, cotton and other raw materials necessary for war at their command—it seems that they should be able to beat the totalitarian countries without even trying.

If they can't beat Germany and Italy without our support, and with all those advantages, they must be plain cowards.

—ISADORE ICKES BERNSTEIN

Brooklyn, N. Y.

Reader Attacked

TO THE EDITOR:

They say it can't happen here. Yet it has happened. Who would ever have thought that the day would come for America when Christians without the slightest provocation would be threatened and attacked on the streets by vicious, snarling Jews? Yet, that is exactly what happened to the writer.

At about 11:30 on the night of March 25th I happened to be in the vicinity of 42nd Street and 7th Avenue. A young man was selling SOCIAL JUSTICE and I thought I'd go over and buy a copy. I did this, and after having folded up the paper and put it in my pocket, I proceeded to walk down the block. I had not gone far, however, when I noticed that I was being followed by a gang of six hoodlums, about the age of 22. Whether or not they were Communists, I cannot truthfully say, but one glance at their features made certain the fact that they were Jews. I quickened my pace but so did they, and as they drew nearer, their foul, threatening language became audible. Suddenly, one of them rushed up quickly behind me and dealt me a hard blow on the back of my head, and then ran back a few steps to join the rest of his gang. There was nothing I could do except to walk on, but the six Jews behind me became even more menacing, and much to my horror I noticed that they were planning to surround me and "beat me up"—for daring to buy a copy of SOCIAL JUSTICE!

Just as they were about to succeed, I noticed to my relief that I was a few paces away from a movie house. I rushed up, bought a ticket and went quickly inside.

I am sure that my case is by no means an isolated one. In the meantime, so many misguided Americans, while indifferent to the murders of Christians in Russia, Spain and Mexico, weep over the plight of a certain "persecuted," defenseless minority in other lands.

—T. F.

New York City

Letters

Their Worry, Not Ours

TO THE EDITOR:

Affairs in Europe are bad. To most people the things that Hitler has done are ruthless, dangerous and wrong. This, however, is no reason why the United States should interfere in foreign matters.

Did we object when England walked off with almost all the German possessions in Africa?

What goes on in Europe is a European affair. The United States can't save Europe. She tried that once and now the world is worse off than ever. Thomas Jefferson once said: "For us to attempt by war to reform Europe and bring them back to the principles of morality and respect for the equal rights of nations, would show us to be only maniacs."

If Europe wants to fight, that is their worry. The United States has problems in her own backyard to settle. If we took time to settle our domestic troubles, there would not be time for meddling in foreign affairs.

"Peace with all—alliances with none!"

—BERNARD FLORACK

Rochester, N. Y.

Host for Broadcasts

TO THE EDITOR:

I deem it my duty to commend Father Coughlin on his high ideals on the need for a brotherhood of mankind.

Empires have fallen; dynasties have been annihilated; the very flower of youth has been left on the bloody battlefields; popes have been imprisoned—yet the teachings of Christ have never been obliterated. Wherefore, instead of gazing at each other with suspicious or doubtful curiosity in these perilous times, let each of us hold out to his neighbor the hearty hand of friendship and unite in burying former dissensions. Let the name of Democrat, Republican and the New Deal be extinct; and let none other be heard among us than those of a good Christian citizen, an open and resolute friend and a virtuous supporter of all mankind. Then—and not until then—will this nation live.

I firmly believe that there is no power on earth that can stop or undo the teachings of Father Coughlin. It is the cause of God; and it must go on.

I have the only radio in five square miles, and every Sunday I send out for my neighbors to come in and hear Father Coughlin's broadcasts.

Sideway, Ky.

—W. GRANT JAMES

FALSE HISTORIANS

TO THE EDITOR:

I was surprised to hear Father Coughlin refer to the famous quotation, "Let them eat cake," commonly ascribed to Marie Antoinette, in such a manner as scarcely to leave room for doubt of his acceptance of the reputed authenticity of the words, as well as their implication of cold indifference in the face of starvation and suffering.

Marie Antoinette, like her noble prototype, Mary Queen of Scots, has been the victim of one of the most persistent conspiracies against truth in all history. It is, indeed, shocking to one's sense of justice and fairness to see how all the absurd falsehoods of the period have been perpetuated by historians, even Catholic ones, and how an event so utterly sordid in itself has been idealized into marking it as the starting point of human freedom from the bondage of tyranny.

The French Revolution was plotted and planned as the first link in a long chain of subversive movements against our Christian civilization; it served as the pattern for all subsequent revolutions; its principles and technique are being carried out under our very eyes. Nesta Webster's two volumes, *"The French Revolution"* and *"World Revolution,"* have traced the connections beyond any mistaking.

To return to our subject, Marie Antoinette was not insensible to the needs of her people and therefore does not deserve to be mentioned in the same breath with that class of people today who are. She was fully aware that the "bread famine" of her day was the result of secret forces, just as the depressions of our day are artificially created by the same agencies for the purpose of spreading dissatisfaction amongst the poor. Marie Antoinette did everyting in her power to alleviate the distress of her people, but she was but a "babe in the woods," what with the numerous underground forces working against her—the Illuminati, Freemasons, Jewish conspirators and Jewish money powers, the despicable Duke of Orleans and the bands of international ruffians. Who could have withstood the concentrated attack of this deluge of evil forces!

In support of my contentions allow me to give a pertinent quotation from Nesta Webster: "At the theater where audience and actors alike burst into applause, at the Salon, at the fair of Sainte-Ovide . . . everywhere, the same ovation awaited them. It was not only her beauty that charmed the people, but her goodness of heart that made them already look upon her as their benefactress. Then when in December, 1770, the price of bread went down, they said loudly in the streets and markets that 'it was certainly Madame la Dauphine who had asked for and obtained this decree in favor of the poor people!' "

Of this biography the author says: "My original intention was to make the Queen a secondary character . . . but the publication of newly discovered documents in 1930 and the false construction placed upon them and popularized by such writers as Stephen Zweig, made me feel that, not only in justice to the memory of Marie Antoinette, but in the interests of historical truth, her story must be re-told according to known facts and the fresh calumnies refuted."

The *Manchester Guardian* says of this book: "This account of Marie Antoinette should explode once and for all the libels—ranging from extravagance to immorality — which were circulated at the time of and often believed in the nineteenth century."

—A READER

Quincy, Ill.

Predatory Retailing

TO THE EDITOR:

Rivers Peterson, managing director of *The Hardware Retailer,* published an editorial in his March, 1939, issue which, I believe, is one of the first public expressions of its kind. It read, in part, as follows:

"Nothing is farther from my thoughts than the issuance of a wholesale indictment against the merchandising practices of Jews in America. Yet I cannot ignore the fact that far too often when we examine the names of the principals of firms which are operating various kinds of fake schemes which are used to mulct a few dollars from gullible merchants, that the names of such principals are Jewish.

"Nor can I escape the feeling that far too many of the firms which have so sweated their labor that they have brought stringent regulation upon all classes of business are headed by non-Gentiles.

"I have the feeling, also, that in the majority of instances where local retailers face unethical and predatory price-cutting the complaint is justly lodged against a Jewish ownership.

"Nor can I forget that Macy's, long a source of price-cutting troubles in New York City, and perhaps the most vigorous of all enemies of fair trade legislation, is managed by the Strausses.

"It would be a most unfortunate circumstance if a relatively small number of the Jews in America should, by ruthless, unfair, unethical trade practices, create mass hatred and persecution against all the Jews in the country."

—A CHRISTIAN READER

Pittsburgh, Pa.

Unprofitable To Work

TO THE EDITOR:

It was gratifying to note that in a recent issue of SOCIAL JUSTICE a correspondent drew attention to the importance of the land question in our economic structure.

Realizing, as we must, that land is the ultimate source of all wealth, it follows that an unrestricted access to it is the only guarantee to the private possession of an adequate share of the world's goods.

It has been pointed out that the most productive land in the United States is monopolized by about five per cent of the population, thus making both labor and capital the pawns of non-productive land-owners. The gravity of this situation can best be grasped by an understanding of Ricardo's generally accepted *"Law of Rent"* which demonstrates that with increasing population and more efficient means of production, rent automatically rises and wages and interest consequently diminish.

Progress, under our present economic system, creates a state of affairs in which it is unprofitable for labor and capital to go to work, and, when they do exert themselves the small reward they receive for their efforts is still further burdened by cumbersome taxation—hence the economic depression and the recession which will naturally remain as long as we persist in the fundamental wrong of permitting monopoly of land.

Neither labor unions nor legislation can set matters permanently aright so long as non-producers receive the greater part of production. Our efforts for reform may improve working conditions but we cannot prevent the mal-distribution of wealth or substantially raise the general level of wages.

—JOHN C. MARLEY

Brooklyn, N. Y.

Roosevelt Prepares for War by Barter Plan with Britain

WASHINGTON, D. C.—President Roosevelt's war preparedness program took more definite form last week with announcement of a reciprocal trade plan which will align America with the so-called democracies against the totalitarian powers.

The plan endorsed by the President is predicated entirely upon outbreak of the threatened European conflict and upon America's involvement in it.

Believed to have been devised by Bernard M. Baruch, the international banker and advisor of the President, the program calls for reciprocal trading of vital war necessities which would be held in reserve pending declaration of war. The United States would exchange its excess wheat and cotton for rubber, tin and manganese from England, Belgium and Holland. Each country thereby would obtain supplies she does not herself produce.

Germany and Italy, at whom Roosevelt and other Administration leaders have directed inflammatory condemnations, would be cut from the picture entirely.

This open alignment with the "democratic" nations constitutes another step in Mr. Roosevelt's hasty march toward another "war to save democracy."

Under the proposed set-up the United States would trade about 2-million of the 11-million bales of cotton to her "friends" across the sea. How much wheat would be involved was not disclosed. In the event war does not materialize, the products would be withheld from the market for five years as insurance against price slumps.

But this is unlikely if the pace of European affairs and President Roosevelt's commitments to the "democracies" are criterions. Judging by his recent utterances, the President believes war is imminent and that American participation is a foregone conclusion. His sponsorship of this obvious war-like program lends strength to that assumption.

Official acceptance of the plan by the foreign powers involved is expected to be mere formality.

AND NOW HE'S TELLING EUROPE

U. S., Not England, Drives for War

(Continued from Page 3)

At every turn in the troubled affairs of Europe, it has been President Roosevelt who did the loudest lamenting, but who did the least to remove causes of dissension.

From this viewpoint it may be surmised that the President's most recent bid for international fame as a "peacemaker" instead of a warmaker —his invitation to Mussolini and Hitler to guarantee peace for from 10 to 25 years—was of a deceitful origin. This peace proposal thus would appear to be a snare intended to trip Hitler and Mussolini into admitting that they constituted the sole threat to peace in the world.

Three things are apparent from the disclosures made concerning our "foreign policy." First, our position as arranged by Mr. Roosevelt has been too close to war, and too far removed from even a desire for peace. Secondly, the British government has been playing its old role of diplomatic trickster, and may not be relied upon in any alliance, and thirdly, the "stop Hitler" movement must remain strictly a European objective, until such time as the threat of Hitler aggression is extended to this country.

Wagner Defends Labor Act But Concedes Modification

WASHINGTON, D. C. — Senator Robert F. Wagner of New York, author of the National Labor Relations Act, last week defended the Act as "eminently fair" but admitted some revisions should be made.

Testifying before the Senate Committee on Education and Labor, Wagner said he would support a change that would give employers "caught between the competition of rival groups" the right to petition for collective bargaining elections.

The present statute grants that privilege to employes only, and thereby handicaps employers who are victims of jurisdictional disputes between unions. Such a condition exists at present in the automobile industry where the split between Homer Martin and the C.I.O. has created two separate, warring factions, each claiming the right to represent the workers.

Wagner, first witness called by the Senate Committee now hearing arguments on revision, said he thought the change regarding petitioning rights could be made, without amendment, by a ruling of the National Labor Relations Board. "But if not," he said, "there should be legislation toward that end." He said he could see no reason why such a change would impair the objectives of the Act.

The Committee is considering four bills of amendment introduced in the last few months, all of which assail the Act as unfair to employers.

Chief of the proposals are those of Senator David I. Walsh of Massachusetts, introduced on behalf of the A.F.L. They would give bargaining rights to a craft union in an industry, regardless of whether the craft constituted a majority of employes of a plant. They also would prevent the Labor Board from invalidating contracts of legitimate craft unions.

Amendments submitted by Senator Edward R. Burke of Nebraska embody many suggestions of business men who oppose the Act's partiality to the C.I.O. His bill proposes: to hold unions as well as employers responsible for unfair labor practices; to increase the power of Federal courts over the Labor Board; and to replace the present Board members with three new men.

More radical is the amendment proposed by Senator Rufus C. Holman of Oregon. Under it, the present Board would be abolished completely and would be replaced by a labor commissioner in the Department of Labor and a labor appeals board of nine members.

Senator M. M. Logan of Kentucky urges that the Act exempt all agricultural industries.

The bitter six-year feud between the A.F.L. and the C.I.O. has been intensified by the Federation's heated attacks on the Act and on the Labor Board which operates under authority of it. William Green, Federation president, has charged repeatedly the Board has favored the C.I.O. at the expense of his craft union organization.

President John L. Lewis, C.I.O. dictator, pleased at his influence over the Board, has inveighed against Green as an enemy of labor and a stooge for business. Fuehrer Lewis opposes any meddling with the present Act.

Last week he accused Green of conspiring with the United States Chamber of Commerce and the National Association of Manufacturers against "fair employers, against labor and against the welfare of the general public." His charge was based on the similarity between the A.F.L.'s proposed amendments and those suggested by the Chamber and the Manufacturers.

Green retorted the accusation was untrue and without foundation.

He expressed approval of much of Senator Wagner's analysis of the Act, but urged that district courts be permitted to issue writs compelling the Labor Board to carry out its duties. He also demanded a clarification of the word "interference" in the clause relating to unfair practices. The Board has construed this in such a way as to prohibit employers from discussing unions with employes.

Day after his testimony before the Committee, Wagner agreed "interference" should not apply to an employer's mere expression of opinion on unionization.

Proposed as Committee hearings were about to begin was an amendment by Senator Allen J. Ellender of Louisiana designed to protect small independent unions "from slaughter at the hands of the National Labor Relations Board."

Ellender, a member of the Labor Committee, charged that many independent units, free from employer domination, had been compelled by the Labor Board, against the will of their members, to affiliate with national labor organizations.

Expected to testify during the course of Committee hearings are Commerce Secretary Harry L. Hopkins, Labor Secretary Frances Perkins and several other Administration officials. It is believed they will present President Roosevelt's opinions on revision. Although the President opposes any major changes, observers think he may approve several minor alterations as a substitute palliative for the business appeasement policy on which he reneged recently.

Birkhead Lends Pulpit to Fr. Coughlin Smear

(Continued from Page 5)

Against War and Fascism. This organization, which changed its name as have so many of its supporters and became the League for Peace and Democracy, is celebrated in that it openly admits its program is *patterned after that of the Communist Party.*

Mr. Birkhead was listed as a member of the international committee to arrange a fitting tribute to the memory of Robert Ingersoll, notorious atheist. This event was sponsored by the Atheist Freethinkers of America, and it is assumed this society draws from its own membership to staff its committees.

Mr. Birkhead has a cute trick of signing the names of other people to "crank" letters. In this deceit he resembles his fellow Unitarian minister, the "Reverend" Walton Cole of Toledo, who also hikes along in the front of the smear parade.

Mr. Birkhead has had a strange history in his quest for national notoriety. He has streamlined his particular brand of religion. He has rented himself out as a Communist tool. He has volunteered to spread the poison of Moscow in America. He has done a professional job of fronting for atheistic Jews who would smear Father Coughlin. He is a Communist fellow-traveler whose ticket carries him from Berlin to Bagdad, yet he still clings to the clerical title "reverend."

Why has the "reverend" strayed so far afield? Perhaps because he believes as he wrote: "Traditional religion is no longer a vital factor. It does not count in the affairs of the present time."

Many to Visit Shrine

Inquiries Indicate Heaviest Summer Tourist Season

By FATHER CYRIL J. KEATING
Asst. Pastor at the Shrine of the Little Flower

Special arrangements have now been completed for the Fourth Annual Pilgrimage and week-end vacation over the Decoration Day holiday period, to The Shrine of the Little Flower, for the legions of Father Coughlin's friends from New York, Brooklyn, Long Island, New Jersey and Connecticut.

On Monday, May 29th, friends and supporters from the great metropolitan area of New York, the five boroughs and regions along the route will arrive, and special dedicatory ceremonies will be held in their honor.

All visitors who are members of the official tour will be welcomed by Father Coughlin. They are now organizing under the leadership of Mr. Bryan B. O'Rourke, 1807 Westchester Avenue, Bronx, N. Y., Westchester 7-1731.

The entire group will arrive in Royal Oak in time for the ceremonies that begin at 10 a. m. A Solemn High Mass will be celebrated by Father Coughlin who also will preach the sermon. The solemn service likewise will include the singing of hymns by a double-vested choir composed of thirty adults and sixty boy choristers vested in white surplices and cassocks of black and purple.

The Benediction services, as well as the Solemn High Mass, will be most elaborate ceremonies marked by colorful robes and vestments.

In the afternoon a visit will be made to the reliquary where one may behold the charred oak beams and the statue of the Little Flower which were saved from the famous Old Shrine.

Special services will also take place at the beautiful grotto dedicated to St. Therese. A new and magnificent marble statue has been erected on this spot. The beauties of nature in the spring, reflected through the many vari-colored flowers surrounding this grotto is a sight long to be remembered.

The tour as planned makes it possible for all devotees to combine their pilgrimage with a delightful week-end vacation including a visit to Niagara Falls and a restful ride across beautiful Lake Erie from Buffalo on a large steamer, all at special reduced rates.

This is one of the original and most attractive trips to be had anywhere at the price offered over this holiday period, and the S. S. Greater Detroit which will carry the party across Lake Erie is one of the largest afloat on the inland waterways, and will accommodate 1,000 people comfortably.

The tour will leave New York on Saturday night, May 27th, on the Erie Railroad, in comfortable air-conditioned cars, and will conclude on Tuesday evening at 7:25 P. M., May 30th.

Plan now to be one of the happy crowd of New Yorkers to make this Decoration Day week-end trip which will be a real vacation as well.

Tell your friends and make your reservations now—write, phone or wire:

Bryan B. O'Rourke, 1807 Westchester Ave., Bronx, N. Y., Westchester 7-1731; or

F. J. Wild, G.A.P.D., Erie R.R., Rockefeller Center, 630 Fifth Ave., Room 219, New York City, Circle 5-7222.

Shrine Tour Dates

May 15—Special Tour from St. Louis.

May 28-30—New York, Brooklyn, Albany, Troy.

June 11—Buffalo, Syracuse, Rochester, Eastern New York.

June 18 — Columbus, Delaware, Marion, O.

July 2-3-4—New England States.

July 9—Eastern Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Maryland, Baltimore, New Jersey, Washington, D. C.

July 16—Second Tour from Eastern New York, Rochester, Buffalo.

July 23—Pittsburgh, Altoona, Southern Ohio, Cincinnati, Dayton, Springfield, Kentucky.

July 30—Illinois, Chicago, Indiana, Missouri.

August 6—Cleveland, Akron.

August 13—Toledo, Troy, Piqua, Sidney.

August 20—Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota.

New York, Brooklyn, Long Island, New Jersey and Connecticut
Fourth Annual Pilgrimage
DECORATION DAY WEEK-END VACATION TOUR TO
THE SHRINE OF THE LITTLE FLOWER
Saturday, May 27 to Tuesday, May 30, 1939

$22.75

Via Erie R.R. and Great Lakes Steamer

The rate includes round trip rail and steamship fare. Air-conditioned coaches. Stateroom accommodations on steamer in each direction. Meals at Buffalo and Niagara Falls as specified. Motor coach trip in Detroit from Steamer pier to Shrine and return. Transfer from Steamer to Erie Station at Buffalo. Motor Coach trip, Buffalo to Niagara Falls and return.

This tour is being conducted by Bryan B. O'Rourke, 1807 Westchester Avenue, Bronx, N. Y. Telephone Westchester 7-1731, and reservations and descriptive folder may also be secured through the Erie Railroad Ticket Office, 12 W. 51st Street, Rockefeller Center, New York. Telephone Circle 5-7222.

The League of the Little Flower Requests You to Pray for the Sick and the Dead

"I beseech you therefore, brethren, through our Lord Jesus Christ and by the charity of the Holy Ghost, that you help me in your prayers for me to God."
ROMANS 15:30

DECEASED

CONNECTICUT
Waterbury
Mrs. Mary Finnerty
Mrs. Mary Kearney

INDIANA
Fort Wayne
Michael Genth

MASSACHUSETTS
Attleboro
Mr. John Bird
Belmont
Catherine, Dennis and Mary Brennan
The Melledy Family
Cambridge
Mrs. Anna H. Long
Danvers
The Degrandy Family
Katherine Meigs
Emma Sears
E. Braintree
John J. Barrett, Sr.
Gloucester
Margaret and Patrick Fanning
Somerville
Mrs. Bridget A. Kilmartin
Springfield
Adora, Florence and Joseph Guilbert
W. Roxbury
Mrs. Mary Ann Doherty

MINNESOTA
Hastings
Mrs. Hanna Mahair

NEW JERSEY
Newark
Mr. P. J. Seery
Teaneck
John Crosson

NEW YORK
Babylon
Rudolph Wind
Bronx
Michael T. Moore
Brooklyn
Mr. Morrissey
Mrs. Barbara Rugamer
New York
Elizabeth Bleekman
Mrs. Anthony Yuettner
Mrs. Johanna Yuettner
Woodhaven, L. I.
Frederick Peat, Sr.

OHIO
Cincinnati
Mrs. Louis Fehr
Grafton
Frank Weber
Keuton
Rebecca Durr
Lorain
Mr. Leonard Day
Toledo
Margaret, John, Thomas and William Nevin

PENNSYLVANIA
Philadelphia
Mrs. M. Hall
Mrs. Mary Smith
Pittsburgh
Clara Weber

WISCONSIN
LaCrosse
Mary Degnan
Michael and Ann Fay and Family
Katherine Gleason
Sheboygan
Katherine M. Seiberlich

FOREIGN

IRELAND
Mrs. E. O'Rearden

ILL

CALIFORNIA
San Francisco
Miss Elizabeth Keagan

CONNECTICUT
Bristol
Mrs. Lucinda Harden

ILLINOIS
Chicago
George P. Frost
Mrs. Ida Strauch
Cicero
Godfrey Pondelick

MASSACHUSETTS
Hyde Park
Mrs. M. Lennon
Jamaica Plain
Mrs. Delia J. Burke
Newton
Mr. Thompson

MICHIGAN
Detroit
Mrs. Anna Burns

MINNESOTA
Minneapolis
Mrs. Anna Wagner
St. Paul
Mr. Louis Marschesi

NEW JERSEY
Montclair
Joan Farrell

NEW YORK
Brooklyn
Henry Ott
Buffalo
Mrs. Mary Satola
New York
Henry Bleckman

OHIO
Cleveland
John Franciske

PENNSYLVANIA
Butler
William J. O'Neil
McKeesport
John Owens
Philadelphia
Mrs. Ellen Walsh

WISCONSIN
Kewaskum
Mr. N. Thull
LaCrosse
Margaret Frappier
Agnes Reinhard and Family

My God, bestow Thy blessings and Thy mercies on all persons, and on those souls in Purgatory, for whom I am in charity, gratitude, or friendship bound and have the desire to pray, Amen.

You are invited to join the League of the Little Flower.

BENEFITS: 1. You are remembered every morning at mass at the Shrine of the Little Flower.

2. You are remembered every morning at a special mass said for our intentions at the Tomb of Christ near Jerusalem.

OBLIGATION: Each day say the Lord's Prayer for the intention of the Little Flower. Her intention is to lead souls back to God.

PRIVILEGES: You are privileged to enclose the names of the deceased members of your family. They will be remembered each day at the Sacrifice of the Mass.

FEES: Each living member is requested to contribute one dollar a year. The money derived from this will be used to help Father Coughlin promote his religious activities.

Mail your membership dues to Father Coughlin at Royal Oak, Michigan.

Your prayers are earnestly solicited for our sick friends and for the faithful departed who have recently passed to their reward.

Wishing to take part in the activities of the League of the Little Flower, I hereby make application to become one of its members.

Herewith is enclosed _____ dollar(s) as membership fee for the Radio League of the Little Flower for the person(s) listed below:

Name _____

Street _____

City and State _____

"God, keep my daddy here at home with Mummy and me. Don't let them take him far away to another country to fight other little boys' daddies with guns and knives and awful bombs. Daddy and Mummy and me are Americans. We have the United States because it's our country. My daddy would fight to save our country just like he'd fight to save our home and just like I will when I'm a man.

"But, God, please don't let them take my daddy so far away where he might get killed and we'd never see him again—Amen."

One Hundred Thousand Dollars are needed to carry Father Coughlin's weekly broadcasts through the summer months. THAT SUM IS NEEDED WITHIN THE NEXT FEW WEEKS—or summer broadcasting cannot be assured. In order to keep his contracts with his privately formed chain of stations (after the subversively inclined national networks barred him) Father Coughlin MUST broadcast every Sunday of this year.

As a reader of SOCIAL JUSTICE and believer in the principles for which Father Coughlin is fighting, YOUR FINANCIAL HELP IS NEEDED NOW. Whether you can afford $1, $2, $3, $5 or $10, $20, $50 or $100, your aid is sorely needed.

Remember—Father Coughlin has NO BACKERS except his millions of friends and radio listeners. SOCIAL JUSTICE is absolutely devoid of advertising revenue, and is, therefore, devoid of advertising control. Many excellent accounts have been turned down in order to preserve this freedom. For this reason, Father Coughlin and SOCIAL JUSTICE can tell you the TRUTH.

Father Coughlin's broadcasts belong to YOU. They are your medium of FACTS about America.

WILL YOU HELP YOURSELF TO MORE TRUTH?

SOCIAL JUSTICE PUBLISHING CO., INC.
Royal Oak, Michigan.

I wish to contribute to the 1939 Summer Broadcasting Fund so that Father Coughlin may continue to spread principles of genuine Americanism.

I hereby pledge the sum of $..... which I am enclosing herewith or which I will send in two equal monthly remittances on or before April 25 and on or before May 25.

My Name Is .....

My Address Is .....

City or Town..... State.....

NATIONAL WEEKLY

Social Justice

Founded 1936 by Father Coughlin

THE secret alliance between Russia and Germany—disclosed last week in SOCIAL JUSTICE—shows the emptiness of the claim that there is any impending world crisis between "democracies" and dictatorships. The issue is not, ultimately, even anti-Communist. Daily, it becomes more clear that the contest is between anti-Capitalist powers and exploitation by international finance!

If, therefore, there is eventually to be another "world war," and we must debate the decision as to our part in it, for what will we be asked to fight? Certainly not again for the exploded myth of "democracy." What democracy? The "democracy" of the British Empire with its exploitation of India and Africa; or the "democracy" of France's colonial empire?

Will we fight to keep 13-million Americans unemployed and 22-millions on a New Deal dole?

Or will we fight to collect on the defaulted debt bonds of the seldom seen but ever-present international bankers?

Is it for the "owners of the world" that we will be asked to fight? For the Rothschilds with their monopoly on all gold that passes through the privately-owned Bank of England and Bank of France? For the Rothschilds who with their satellites control the entire life of English Africa —railroads, street cars, waterfalls, power, mines, and the press? Will we fight to protect their privately-owned Suez Canal?

Or, will we fight for the Montefiores who own Australia, where there is not a goldfield or a sheep run, from Tasmania to New South Wales, but pays them heavy tribute?

Will we fight to help the Sassoons and their British East India Company retain the world's opium monopoly?

It is high time that we identified the war-mongers. Who wants war? Where? If war, what for?

IF WAR, WHAT FOR?

ARTHUR G FRIES
19 NORTHRUP PL
BUFFALO N Y
57-10 59

PRINTED BY THE CUNEO PRESS, INC.